2009

2009 Health Care for America Survey

AFL-CIO

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2009 Health Care for America Survey

Abstract
Excerpt] America's economic and health care crises have formed a perfect storm battering working families. The results of the online 2009 Health Care for America Survey, sponsored by the AFL-CIO and Working America, reveal deep problems that must be fixed. A total of 23,460 people responded to the survey, which was conducted between April 1 and May 31, 2009. And more than 6,000 people took the time to tell heart-wrenching stories about the toll of health care costs, lack of insurance, systemic flaws in our health care system and the economic downturn.

Keywords
health care, insurance, poverty, economy, AFL-CIO

Comments
Suggested Citation

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The insurance company doubled my premium. I called to ask why, and the agent told me, “Because we can.” William, Florida

I have a lump on my right breast that the doctor is “watching” because the insurance doesn’t cover more than that....What happens if it’s too late? Ellen, Michigan

I’m seriously considering just letting nature take its course. There’s only so much debt and charity I can stand. John, Michigan

I just don’t even want to think about the future anymore. Renee, Ohio

My mom got cancer when I was 19....If she had had health insurance, she would have sought treatment earlier, and she may well have lived. Dayna, North Carolina

The deductibles are so high, that I cannot go to the doctor. Iris, Florida

I’m living in poverty hoping that $30 worth of groceries lasts two weeks and I don’t get sick before I can refill my medications. Amber, Florida

We paid while we could, and went financially bankrupt in the process....and my days are full of excruciating pain and suffering now. Jax, Washington

I am desperate for our country to finally do something. Kerry, New Mexico
AMERICA'S ECONOMIC AND HEALTH CARE CRISES have formed a perfect storm battering working families.

The results of the online 2009 Health Care for America Survey, sponsored by the AFL-CIO and Working America, reveal deep problems that must be fixed. A total of 23,460 people responded to the survey, which was conducted between April 1 and May 31, 2009. And more than 6,000 people took the time to tell heart-wrenching stories about the toll of health care costs, lack of insurance, systemic flaws in our health care system and the economic downturn.

The survey confirms that every day, people are being forced to make life-and-death decisions: Pay the health care premiums or buy the life-saving prescription? Chip away at credit card debt or skip the required care for a serious chronic condition? Nearly everyone is dissatisfied with health care costs—including almost three-quarters of people with insurance. As one woman wrote, “My insurance deductible equals four to five months of take home pay each year. My insurance bill is split with my employer but equals two days of pay each month. How am I supposed to go to a doctor?”

As this survey report was being prepared, congressional committees were writing health care reform legislation. The AFL-CIO will share these results with members of Congress and the administration, as well as the media and state and local leaders. From the extensive survey responses—and even more poignantly, from the personal stories—policymakers will learn about the everyday impact of our disintegrating health care system.

Congress and the administration must hear that health care reform is urgent. First, people need relief from the pressure of untenable health care costs that are bankrupting families, endangering health and hobbling businesses. Second, the insurance system is failing working families. The public is extremely dissatisfied and demanding change. Survey respondents overwhelmingly support stronger rules and standards for insurance companies and a public health insurance option for those who choose it. Many people who submitted stories went further, calling for a single-payer health care system.

‘Because We Can’

At my annual renewal, the insurance company doubled my premium. I called to ask why, and the agent told me, “Because we can.”

William, Florida
Among the survey's findings:

• High and rising health care and insurance costs are keeping people from getting needed health care. More than half say they cannot get the health care they need at a price they can afford, and the problem is even more acute among people who buy their own insurance, Hispanics and young adults.

• A third of all respondents forgo basic medical care because of costs. More than one-quarter of people with insurance—and three-quarters of those without insurance—report skipping basic health care services such as doctor-recommended tests and treatments and visiting a doctor when sick.

• Having health insurance does not shelter families from high costs or difficulty getting care. Fully 43 percent of people with insurance say they are not able to get the care they need at a price they can afford. And 80 percent of those with insurance say their health care costs increased this past year, with 34 percent saying they increased a lot.

• As the economy has worsened, health care has been lost along with jobs. Nearly a quarter of respondents say someone in their household lost health care coverage in the past year because of losing or changing jobs.

• Once health care disappears, it's hard to get back. One-quarter of those without health insurance say they were denied coverage in the past year due to “pre-existing conditions.”

• Health care is costlier and harder to access for people who cannot get employer-provided coverage or Medicare and buy insurance in the private market. Sixty-two percent of them say they cannot get the care they need at an affordable price, compared with 39 percent of people with employer-provided coverage.

• The uninsured are in a dire situation, with 96 percent saying they cannot get the care they need at an affordable cost.

• Three-quarters of our respondents (76 percent) are dissatisfied with their household’s health care costs. Two-thirds are dissatisfied with their health care coverage. More than one-third are dissatisfied with their household’s access to care and the quality of care they receive.

• Ninety-seven percent of people who took the survey, including 96 percent of those with insurance, say that given the current economic crisis, health care reform is urgent.

• By far, most people (83 percent) say health insurers have too much influence on their health care and treatment.
Today’s Health Care System Is Failing Working Families

The 2009 Health Care for America Survey makes clear that today’s health care system is not working. It costs too much. Too many people are uninsured and even those with insurance report serious problems affording needed care. Survey respondents are deeply dissatisfied with health care coverage as well as costs, and tell horror stories about insurance companies refusing coverage and denying and delaying payments—sometimes until an illness has taken the ultimate toll. In an economic crisis, getting, maintaining and paying for health coverage and health care are major concerns.

High and Rising Costs Are Keeping People from Getting Care They Need
More than half (52 percent) of respondents say they cannot get the health care they need at a price they can afford.

More Than Half Can’t Get Needed Care at Affordable Price
Are you able to get the health care you need at a price you can afford?

| NO: 52% | YES: 48% |

What Can I Afford THIS Month…?

Every single month, I find myself trying to determine what is going to get refilled and if I can still see the doctor for follow-up. I know I need to see the doctor for maintenance of my chronic life long condition but sometimes, I just don’t have the copay because I have to still afford gas to get to and from work. I am constantly finding myself rationing my medication and not taking it as prescribed because I can’t afford to get it all the time….So much for the American Dream, I’m living in poverty hoping that $30 worth of groceries lasts two weeks and I don’t get sick before I can refill my medications.

Amber, Florida
The uninsured, Hispanics, households in economic trouble, young adults and single people find it particularly hard to find affordable care they need.

**Uninsured, People Falling Behind, Young Adults, Hispanics and Singles Especially Say They Can’t Afford Needed Care**

Most people without insurance—and a significant proportion of those with insurance—report skipping needed medical care due to costs.

**Costs Push People to Skip Care—Especially the Uninsured**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Insured</th>
<th>Uninsured</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Did not visit a doctor when sick because of cost</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>77%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skipped medical test, treatment or follow-up recommended by a doctor because of cost</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>74%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did not fill a prescription or skipped doses because of cost</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>55%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In addition to the uninsured, people in financial straits, Hispanics and young adults are more likely to say they’ve skipped needed medical care because of costs.

**Young Adults, Those ‘Falling Behind’ and Hispanics Also Skipping Care Due to Costs**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Overall</th>
<th>People “Falling Behind”</th>
<th>Hispanics</th>
<th>18- to 29-Year-Olds</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Didn’t visit a doctor</td>
<td>36%</td>
<td>55%</td>
<td>44%</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skipped recommended test, treatment or follow-up</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>58%</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Didn’t fill a prescription or skipped doses</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>50%</td>
<td>40%</td>
<td>36%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Had serious problems paying or couldn’t pay bills</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>52%</td>
<td>35%</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Crucial Health Care Treatments Are Not Affordable for a Quarter to More Than One-Third of Respondents**

Are any of the following health expenses not affordable for you today?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Health Expense</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Catastrophic health problems</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specialists</td>
<td>34%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tests</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chronic disease treatment</td>
<td>31%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Prescription drugs</td>
<td>29%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Surgery</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preventive care and check-ups</td>
<td>26%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Indebted for Life**

I’m almost 60, unemployed and I’ve got heart disease. I’ve had two previous heart attacks and had two heart catheterizations and stent procedures performed in the past three years, the last being done just a few weeks ago….Together, these procedures and ER charges add up to over $100,000 dollars, which I’ll never be able to pay. It’s disgusting that insurance companies wouldn’t be billed anywhere near these amounts, resulting in the uninsured who can pay their bills subsidizing insurance companies and hospitals. I’m unable to purchase at least two of the many prescriptions I’m supposed to be taking and can’t afford essential visits to a cardiologist for follow-up care. More cardiac related illness seems a certainty in my future and I’m seriously considering just letting nature take its course. There’s only so much debt and charity I can stand.

John, Michigan
Sixty-seven percent spent more than $1,000 out of pocket in the past year. Almost half of people had out-of-pocket health care expenses of between $1,000 and $5,000 in the past year, with one in five reporting out-of-pocket costs of more than $5,000.

**Most Pay More Than $1,000 in Out-of-Pocket Costs**

How much did you and your household spend out of your own pockets for health care in the past year? (Include premiums, deductibles, co-pays, prescription costs)

- 21% $0
- 2% $1–$100
- 3% $100–$1,000
- 28% $1,000–$5,000
- 46% More than $5,000

And 79 percent say their health care costs increased some or a lot in the past year.

**Costs Have Grown for More Than Three-Quarters**

How have your health care costs overall changed in the past year?

- 36% Increased a lot
- 19% Increased some
- 19% Stayed the same
- 19% Decreased some
- 1% Decreased a lot
- 1%

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**Cancer**

*My mom got cancer when I was 19. She put off going to the doctor for weeks even though she had obvious symptoms because she was uninsured and had had several serious and expensive health problems in the previous year. To pay for the health care she had already had, she and my dad had taken out a second mortgage on their home. She was afraid that if she went to the doctor again, our family would have to declare bankruptcy. She did not go to the doctor until she was in unbearable pain. The doctors did exploratory surgery and then said that the cancer was far too advanced to treat. She died one month later. If she had had health insurance, she would have sought treatment earlier, and she may well have lived.*

*Dayna, North Carolina*
Eighty percent with insurance say their health care costs increased this past year, with 34 percent saying costs increased a lot.

Worry runs deep about problems paying for health care. More than three-quarters (78) percent are somewhat or very worried. Nonunion households are especially concerned (52 percent are very worried; 30 percent are somewhat worried).

More Than Three-Quarters Are Worried About Paying for Health Care
Are you worried about you or someone in your household having trouble paying for health care in the next year?

With rising costs and growing worries, it’s no surprise that survey respondents describe deep and broad dissatisfaction with our health care system today. Large majorities are dissatisfied with costs and health care coverage—and more than a third are dissatisfied with access to care and health care quality.

- More than three-quarters (76 percent) are dissatisfied with their household’s health care costs and two-thirds (66 percent) are dissatisfied with coverage.
- More than one-third of respondents are dissatisfied with their household’s access to care (36 percent) and the quality of care they receive (35 percent).

Too Much

My insurance deductible equals four to five months of take home pay each year. My insurance bill is split with my employer but equals two days of pay each month. How am I supposed to go to a doctor?

Karen, Florida
Breast Cancer Screening/Prevention

If a family member has been diagnosed with cancer then the insurance company should make it easier and more affordable for others in the family to have well being/cancer screening done more than once a year. My mother was diagnosed with breast cancer and had her breast removed, went through chemotherapy—I was allowed one mammogram and can’t have another one until a year later. I have a lump on my right breast that the doctor is “watching” because the insurance doesn’t cover more than that....What happens if it’s too late?

Ellen, Michigan

Dissatisfaction with health care in America overall is even greater than the dissatisfaction reported about respondents’ own household situations.
Health Insurance Is Not a Shield

Having insurance is no shield against problems and concerns.

- Almost one in four (23 percent) of those with insurance say their insurer refused to pay for doctor-recommended treatments or tests in the past year. Even more (27 percent) report their insurer denied a claim they felt should have been covered.
- Forty-one percent also report that their insurer paid less than it should have for a claim in the past year.
- More than two-thirds with insurance worry about their households losing insurance, and almost three-quarters worry about their households being able to pay for health care.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Among people with insurance:</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Insurer refused to pay for treatment or tests the doctor recommended</td>
<td>23%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurer denied a claim that you believe should have been covered</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurer paid less than you believe it should have for a claim</td>
<td>41%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are dissatisfied with health care costs</td>
<td>71%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are dissatisfied with insurance coverage</td>
<td>61%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Can’t get care they need at a price they can afford</td>
<td>43%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are very or somewhat worried about you or someone in household losing insurance in the next year</td>
<td>67%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Are very or somewhat worried about you or someone in your household having trouble paying for health care in the next year</td>
<td>73%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Paying for a Medical Insurance That Does Not Allow Me to Go to the Doctor

I am unemployed because I had to quit my job to care for my elderly mother. My children decided to pay [for medical insurance] for me. But what is the problem? The deductibles are so high, that I cannot go to the doctor....And we keep paying $300 monthly just in case I have to go to the hospital. In the meantime I cannot afford to go to the doctor.

Iris, Florida
Concern about losing health coverage is widespread.

- Seventy-one percent of those surveyed are somewhat worried (31 percent) or very worried (40 percent) that someone in their household will lose health coverage in the next year.

- Even among those with employer-based health insurance, 67 percent are at least somewhat worried about losing coverage.

### Seventy-One Percent Are Worried About Losing Health Coverage

![Pie chart showing worry levels among survey respondents.](chart1.png)

### Health Coverage Is a Big Concern in Changing Jobs

How big a concern is health care when you think about changing jobs?

![Pie chart showing concern levels among survey respondents.](chart2.png)

Concern about health care is even greater when people think about changing jobs.

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**Fully Insured, But Not Covered**

While I have better employer provided insurance than most Americans, the one time I've had a real health issue, that insurance paid zero. Last year, I was diagnosed with TMJ. I had about $3,000 in bills from dental and surgical treatments; my policy paid zero. My dentist tells me I may not be able to open my mouth in a few years without additional surgery. My policy will pay zero on the diagnostic measures needed before surgery, or the needed surgery, or the post surgical physical therapy. The expected costs are high enough that, despite the fact that I am a middle class professional, I haven’t been able to afford further treatment.

Will, Montana
People Who Buy Their Own Coverage Fare Worse

Although having insurance does not resolve working families’ health care problems, people who have to buy their own insurance in the private market are less able to afford the care they need and report greater cost increases than those with employer-provided insurance or Medicare.

People Who Buy Their Own Coverage Have Greater Problems Affording the Care They Need...
Are you able to get the care you need at a price you can afford?


...Are More Likely to Skip Needed Care...

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Employer-Provided Coverage</th>
<th>Medicare</th>
<th>Buy Their Own Coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Did not visit a doctor when sick because of cost</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>33%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skipped medical test, treatment or follow-up recommended by a doctor because of cost</td>
<td>30%</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>40%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Did not fill a prescription or skipped doses because of cost</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

My Health Insurance Company Likes to Play Tricks

My Health Insurance Company (MHIC) (not their real name) likes to play tricks. They are masters at saying one thing and doing another. For example: MHIC says they pay for tests ordered by my doctor. Routinely, I will get legitimate tests and MHIC denies payment after I have had to pay out of pocket. My wife needed a contrast MRI to rule out cancer.... They said that since she did not have cancer, the test was unnecessary so they did not have to pay for it. I appealed, but the appeals process is meaningless as it is handled in-house by MHIC. Note: When I tried to get the MRI preauthorized before my wife had the procedure, the MHIC rep said they don’t do preauthorizations. She said just go ahead and do the test and MHIC would make a determination afterwards. Apparently that means “get the procedure, but we’re not going to pay for it.” I might as well not have health insurance at all, but my employer requires me to have it and pay the premiums out of my pocket.

Jack, Maryland
...And Their Costs Are More Likely to Have Increased a Lot

How have your health care costs changed over the past year?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
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<th>Medicare</th>
<th>Buy Their Own Coverage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increased a lot</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increased some</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>48%</td>
<td>39%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stayed the same</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>18%</td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decreased some or a lot</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

People who buy their own insurance also are more likely to be dissatisfied with their coverage.

People Without Employer-Provided Insurance or Medicare Are Less Satisfied with Health Care Coverage.

Union household members and married people are more likely to have employer-provided health coverage.

Booted Out of Hospital After Major Surgery

I had a total hip replacement last summer, and entered the hospital feeling confident that the $1000 a month insurance policy...would cover as many days as I needed in the hospital.

To make a long story short, I was told by my surgeon on the 3rd day that I had “till midnight to get out.” I was not even stabilized on oral pain medication yet, so I was given a last shot about 15 minutes before I was to leave…

I have since learned that there is some kind of a cap on what the hospital gets paid that circumvents my own policy....They got the same amount of money whether I’m there 3, or the used to be 6-10 day stay for hip replacements.

I feel duped at the ridiculous amount of money that has been funneled to my insurance company for 23 years, only to find that when I needed it most, I was cut off from services in a way that I never imagined.

Nancy, Oregon
Economic Collapse Tied to Health Care Crisis

The health care crisis is exacerbating—and exacerbated by—the effects of the most severe economic collapse in a generation.

- The economic downturn has affected 63 percent of respondents’ households—43 percent say it has affected them quite a bit and 20 percent say it has affected them very much.

- When it comes to finances, only 12 percent surveyed say they are getting ahead, while 88 percent say they have just enough to get by (56 percent) or are falling behind (32 percent). The differences between the getting ahead and falling behind rates by education and race/ethnicity are relatively small, but people who are single and those who buy their own health insurance are much more likely to be falling behind than married people and those with employer-sponsored health coverage.

- In the past year, one of four (24 percent) surveyed say someone in their household lost health care because of losing or changing jobs.

Retirees at Risk

It is pretty scary that many millions of hard working retirees as well as those working may lose their insurance, and yes I am talking about the auto industry. My husband could lose his benefits, which he thinks he will. I don’t know how my kids will be able to get their annual checkups. How can anyone get ahead in this country? I don’t understand how this came to this….I just don’t even want to think about the future anymore.

Renee, Ohio
When My Tax Dollars Failed Me

I was a Medicare ombudsman for a local HMO until I was broadsided by another driver on my way to work in March 2007. I was injured severely and forced to take a long term NONPAID medical leave for one year from my work, after a year of part time FMLA leave. Even working part time, I was unable to afford all of the copays and costs of medical treatments and medications, having denied myself much needed physical therapy that delayed my healing process and may have resulted in permanent damage. Unfortunately, at the end of the year I was still unable to go back to work. I lost my job….We paid while we could, and went financially bankrupt in the process….and my days are full of excruciating pain and suffering now.

Jax, Washington
Who else is falling behind?

- White: 32% Falling behind, 56% Just enough to get by, 12% Getting ahead
- African American: 34% Falling behind, 57% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead
- Hispanic: 35% Falling behind, 56% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead
- Asian/Pacific Islander: 29% Falling behind, 59% Just enough to get by, 12% Getting ahead
- Native American: 37% Falling behind, 53% Just enough to get by, 10% Getting ahead
- Biracial/multiracial: 41% Falling behind, 50% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead

- No college: 33% Falling behind, 58% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead
- Some college: 36% Falling behind, 55% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead
- College graduate: 32% Falling behind, 56% Just enough to get by, 12% Getting ahead
- Post-graduate: 27% Falling behind, 57% Just enough to get by, 16% Getting ahead

- Married: 28% Falling behind, 58% Just enough to get by, 14% Getting ahead
- Domestic partner: 35% Falling behind, 55% Just enough to get by, 10% Getting ahead
- Single: 37% Falling behind, 54% Just enough to get by, 9% Getting ahead
Health Care Reform Is Urgent

The survey respondents nearly universally agree that health care reform is urgent.

Ninety-Seven Percent Say Reform is Urgent
With the current economic crisis, how urgent do you think it is for government to address health care reform?

Desperate
I am desperate for our country to finally do something for my family so a health crisis does not kill one of us or leave us completely financially devastated.

Kerry, New Mexico
People Overwhelmingly Want Government Standards, Cost Limits and a Public Health Insurance Option
Which statement comes closer to your way of thinking?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Statement</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Government should have stronger rules and standards for health insurance companies</td>
<td>94%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health insurance companies work best without too many government rules and standards</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Premium, copayment and deductible costs required by insurers should be limited</td>
<td>94%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Insurers should be able to base premiums, copayments and deductibles on market factors without interference</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health insurers should provide a standard package of benefits</td>
<td>80%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health insurers should cover benefits based on the policy you can afford and choose to buy</td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health care reform should let people choose whether to have private insurance or a public health insurance plan</td>
<td>95%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health insurance should remain in the hands of private insurance companies</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Who Took This Survey?

The troubling results of this survey are especially notable because the people who responded to it should be doing quite well. Sixty-four percent are employed and 20 percent are retired. Seventy-eight percent are insured. Fifty-seven percent are in union households. More than 80 percent have attended at least some college. Fifty-six percent are married and 52 percent are 50 to 64 years old.

The experiences of these 23,460 people and the personal stories from more than 6,000 of them are a telling signal of the failure of America’s health care system.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ethnicity</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>White</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>African American</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hispanic</td>
<td>4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asian/Pacific Islander</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Native American</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Biracial/multiracial</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Education</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grade 1–11</td>
<td>1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>High school graduate</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-college program/Post high school</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Some college</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College graduate</td>
<td>28%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post-graduate</td>
<td>27%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Status</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Student</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Married</td>
<td>56%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic partner</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Have children younger than 18 living with me</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Have children older than 18 living with me</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LGBT</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Union member</td>
<td>51%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
About This Survey

The online 2009 Health Care for America Survey was conducted between April 1 and May 31, 2009. A total of 23,460 people submitted responses to the survey and 6,409 submitted personal stories.

The survey was featured on the AFL-CIO website, and more than 25 organizations promoted the survey through links and e-mails. These include eight national unions (AFGE, AFSCME, AFT, BCTGM, IBEW, NEA and USW); our community affiliate and survey co-sponsor Working America; eight state labor federations and local labor councils; the constituency group Pride at Work; and allied organizations including American Rights at Work, Jobs with Justice, Union Privilege, Health Care for America NOW, PHI: Health Care for Health Care Workers, the Universal Health Care Action Network and the Northwest Federation of Community Organizations.

To e-mail survey results to a friend, download a PDF of the report or read personal stories, visit www.healthcaresurvey.aflcio.org.