Country reports November 2001 to April 2002
You can find the information to contact the different groups [here](#)

- Flemish part of Belgium
- Austria
- French speaking part of Belgium
- Netherlands
- Switzerland
- Bulgaria
- Portugal
- Italy
- Spain
- UK
- France

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**Flemish part of Belgium**

**CONSUMER ACTIONS**

- Triumph action on January 11th ([more](#))
  - Action Day 26 January 2002
    - in 15 locations
    - 500 participants
    - several organisations participated, including the trade unions
    - we collected a couple of thousand signatures on symbolic fidelity cards
    - we visited 60 shops
    - excellent press coverage by all TV, radio, newspapers
- Follow up
  - we discussed the follow up with the trade unions (not all yet)
  - Nike called to say they would send information to all shops that sell Nike products
  - New action next year?
- Exhibition sustainable development
  - Organised by community of Turnhout
  - The city had invited CCC to take part in the exhibition. 10 days before the opening they withdrew the invitation and said the whole idea was to be positive about sustainable development instead of attacking brands. They said they were afraid Nike or adidas would sew them
  - Since it was a matter for the local politicians and their administration this was later on discussed during the meeting of the city council and CCC was allowed to participate in the end
- Nike report 'we are not machine' ([more](#))
  - Press coverage in newspapers and regional TV
  - Visit with delegation to Nike distribution center in Laakdal
Public Procurement

- Regional seminar (Gent, 12 March)

Workers' education

- Seminar 'multistake holder management' Organised by LBC-NVK (trade union) with among others a representative of WE

Education packs

- Preparation CD rom for students and tutors
- Follow up education packs for secondary school
  - End of 2002: improving the education packs

Other materials

- Brochure on sportswear

Other initiatives

- Seminar social labelling (in December in Madrid)
- WECF conference (Women in Europe for a Common future) in Prague, March
  Objective: preparation of World Summit on Sustainable Development
  Participants: 100 women from environmental and women's organisations
  We wrote a statement on 8 different issues concerning sustainable development.
  We also agreed at the conference to use a statement to stop armed conflict as a petition to NGOs and women in general, and send this appeal and a letter to Kofi Annan and heads of state who will participate at the WSSD. We also discussed with some authors of the statement, to ask Kofi Annan to invite a few women from (recent) war areas, to present this appeal at the plenary of the WSSD. We have drafted a letter to Kofi Annan. We have also drafted a letter to NGOs to ask them to endorse/sign the appeal.

Media

- Program on German TV- 17+24 April
- Program on Belgian TV- 15 April

Perspectives for 2002

- Consumer action
  - Sports event October 2002
  - T shirts manual: to make groups/schools/events who buy T-shirts for their volunteers etc aware of the working conditions
• 'clean' uniforms for youth organisations
• World championship football

- Companies
  • Follow up consumer action Jan 02

- Public authorities
  • Public procurement
  • Follow up social label

Training

- For new staff members of the platform organisations

Austria Country Report

In December 2001: Exhibition "How clean is your Jean(s)?"
A collection of creative pieces made in the context of the CCC during the last two years:

- Accessories used in CCC-Street actions like the iron bras against Triumph and some banners
- The output of art workshops dealing with the topic of social aspects in the productions-process
- The output of school art competitions dealing with the topic
- Videos of CCC actions

In January 2001: Adidas-Action
About 2000 protest cards were hanged on a rope and given to Mr. Kovacic, PR-manager from Adidas Austria, seated in Klagenfurt. He received the CCC-delegation of 15 people and three journalists and invited the delegation to a discussion in the Adidas reception hall.

CCC T-Shirt
Frauensolidarität printed an Austrian CCC T-shirt, which is available at Frauensolidarität (€ 13.-) The T-shirts are bought from an Austrian producer called "Perviva" and a Swiss label called "Pure"

March 2002: (Alb) traumjob gesucht?
Streettheater in the framework of the International Women day, 8 March.

April 2002: Lecture with Lindsey Collen
The women writer from Mauritius, Lindsey Collen, was invited by Frauensolidarität for several events. She was very impressive and knowledgable about the working-conditions in Mauritius' garment industry. In her novel "The Tide of Mauritius" she describes very detailed the problems of women workers. The strategy to link literature to the political
discussion was a great success, which attracted also people and press we didn’t reach until now.

May 2002:
Complaint against Adidas and Nike at the National Contact Point of the OECD-guidelines in Austria.
The complaint was brought in at a meeting of the NCP Austria. Now the Austrian NCP agreed in finding out what steps they have to do and if they are really responsible to do something (because the Adidas Headquarter is German), or if they should contact the NCP Germany

General.

- Numerous workshops in schools
- a new edition of the brochure "let’s wear fair" (in German) was published
- New Protest cards have been produced in cooperation with a college-class (16 years old pupils) in Salzburg (12,000 piece edition):
  o a) protest cards (without a specific address), with 2 different subjects which should be delivered at any shop where consumers bought a garment product, asking information on how the enterprise makes sure that in their production chain no exploitation takes part.
  o b) CCC free cards with 2 different subjects, which can be used as protest cards (where consumers have to write their own text) or post cards as well

The coordination of the Austrian CCC passed from the Frauensolidarität (Nela Perle /Beatrice Achaleke) to Südwind Agentur (Stefan Kerl) for at least the next three years (from 2002-2004)

- Consumers information: VKI: There was a scandal 2 years ago about tests they made on sportshoes (rating and ranking). Scandal that ranking of sportshoes gave good ratings to reebok and adidas, when CCC was criticizing them a lot. In the last month there was the jeans test, they made a rating/ranking of jeans, there was a dialoge before publishing the jeans test with CCC and CCC critisised the methodology before it was published. VKI ordered ranking done by German IMUG and IMUG did put too much effort in getting information. When Austrian CCC found out they started dialogue and opinions on the test etc.

French speaking part of Belgium

Activities from November 2001 up to April 2002

CAMPAIGNING
• Triumph International out of Burma
At the middle of January we launched a new activity within the Triumph campaign: new postcards as a follow up of the answer of Triumph to the first card and, together with the Flemish CCC we did an original action in the garden of Triumph's Belgian representation near Brussels (invasion with 1.5 kilometers of bra's, baniers, mannequins, and around 50 people). Very good media coverage both in the French and Flemish parts of Belgium.

• World cup
  o We are preparing a leaflet and a media action.
  o We will use an adapted version of the video clip that was produced for Euro 2000 (this clip can be found at www.vetements-propres.be.tf)
  o We will symbolic request the national public television to broadcast the clip as a normal advertisement on the 13 june (China - Turkey). No doubt they will refuse but we will use this to make a public case in front of the television mediator about the contradictions existing between the mission of the public service and the pressure made by the big advertisers like Nike Adidas and others sponsors of the World Championship.
  o We will broadcast the clip for free through 8 regional televisions channels (800 visions done during Euro 2000)

• Toys
We are preparing a public campaign to be launched in October 2002, a publication (in French and Dutch) on the Toy industry focusing on Disney, a study day (11 October) and actioncards focussing on retailers (with a general request) and on a specific brand name (with a specific request).

LEGAL INITIATIVES

• Public procurements
  o Media and lobby action towards Belgian MEPs before the vote on the new European directive (middle of January)
  o Following the issue through an interpellation of the Belgian government
  o A practical guide has been written to motivate and to present the legal possibilities for purchasing of ethical and fair products by municipalities (this was translated in english by Chantal after the meeting)

• Social Label
No news, a seminar is foreseen at the end of May. (note: postponed to September)

Country report Netherlands, December 2001-April 2002

Clean Clothes Communities

• In March 2002 the report on the purchasing of uniforms by the city of Amsterdam was presented to a representative of the city council. In the discussion that followed between producers, buyers, city council representatives and NGOs, 2
workwear companies announced that they were interested to join the Fair Wear Foundation. (more)

- More cities are interested in clean clothes communities and are send information.
- Continuation of the collaboration with organisations such as COS (local centre for international cooperation) and collaboration with networks and campaigns as the campaign started by COS called Wereldburgers.nl (citizens of the world).
- Workshops for local groups: in 7 places in the Netherlands there have been workshops for local groups on how to lobby local governments to accept a resolution on clean purchasing. These workshops were given by COS Utrecht.

Burma:

- Meeting with Bodyfashion, as a follow up on the Triumph campaign in the Netherlands. In this meeting both the Clean Clothes Campaign and the FWF were able to present their work: One of the companies participating, Miss Etam was interested in FWF.
- Action on the Dam square in Amsterdam, an alternative opening ceremony of the Winter Olympic Games, to protest the torchbearers uniform being made in Burma. (more)

Sportswear campaign:

- The CCC in the Netherlands is organising activities around the World Championship 2002. Together with the trade union FNV and the India Committee of the Netherlands we are promoting the e-mail action, together with the Global March, towards the FIFA. Action leaflets with an action-card are send to all the amateur football clubs in the Netherlands, in total 400,000 cards. We are organising a relay race through the Netherlands in which local organisations and sport clubs are invited to participate, to run, swim, skate etc some kilometres. The relay race will go on for 48 hours and end at a large Festival in the Netherlands, called Festival Mundial, all in the weekend from 14 until 16 June. In the autumn a round table will be organised were companies, football associations, organisations and trade unions and politicians will be invited to. (more)
- The report on Indonesia has been presented at an exhibition of the Indonesian photos at the 8th of March. The release of the report has drawn some media attention; newspapers, internet news pages, and interview on national news radio.

Legal:

- CCC Netherlands together with IUCN Netherlands, an environmental organisation, is organising 3 meetings with NGOs and lawyers to discuss possibilities of starting a court case in the Netherlands against a TNC. The meetings will be both on content as on practical issues such as costs and time frame etc.

FWF:
The FWF will present itself on the 22nd of May 2002. After a lot of debate it was decided that there will be no certificate but that companies can become a member of the FWF and can communicate that to the public.

Publications

- Dutch newsletter
- English newsletter (more)
- Gender leaflet, in Dutch and English

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Country report from Switzerland
April 2002

Triumph Campaign

- CCC had a good media coverage in January 2002 when Triumph announced to leave Burma. At a high level meeting a few days later, Triumph said that they will remove the machines and that they will leave Burma by summer this year. They had a social plan for the 900 worker.
- CCC reached a partial success in the second point too: Triumph now has a social code of conduct as well, including the ILO core conventions. It covers all subcontractors and proposes an internal monitoring. But concerning wages, working hours and the principles of independent verification (such as transparency, participation, empowerment, complaint mechanism, etc.) the Triumph code is not complete. Therefore the public pressure on Triumph shall go on to take the necessary steps.

World Championship 2002: FIFA / Sepp Blatter Campaign

- The Swiss CCC is targeting FIFA President Sepp Blatter with a flyer including postcard and an e-mail campaign. We are going to print some 61'000 postcards in German and French. For that we were grateful to use some texts from the German World Championship Campaign.
- The E-Mail-Campaign will run on the homepage from Berne Declaration www.evb.ch and at least in German and French (maybe in English and Italian as well).

CCC-Pilot project on independent verification

- Update on activities as of 18 September 2001: During the first half of September 2001, the pilot project director carried out the visits of three suppliers - one for each company (Mabrouc, Migros and Veillon) participating in the project of independent monitoring - located in Tirupur, Tamil Nadu, South India. The purpose of the visit was to monitor the respect of the Code of Conduct, as well as
to test the feasibility of the system of independent monitoring as such. Previous to the visit of the factories themselves, two Indian research teams had carried out interviews of the workers of these factories, and gathered data on the (non-)respect of the provisions of the Code of Conduct adopted by each Swiss company - Codes that enshrine all rights defined in the Code of Conduct of the Clean Clothes Campaign. The local Indian partners had been identified during previous travels of the pilot project director to India.

- A follow-up visit, in which workers will again be involved, will took place in beginning 2002, in order to assess the degree of implementation of the corrective plan. The director will continue her activities and contacts in order to address the options and modalities of next step, namely the training of the workers in the rights enshrined in the Code of Conduct. As for the China side of the pilot project, local partners have been identified, and first visits on factory level in the region of Shanghai of the Chinese suppliers started just recently. The monitoring reports will be published in autumn 2002 and the pilot ends with this year.

Bio-Cotton-Project from Max Havelaar

- Some of the largest producers and traders of biologically produced cotton are connected with Switzerland. There is one wholesaler (Coop), who works since years in a very successful way with bio cotton. New projects are planned. The Swiss government is pushing these initiatives forward through giving funding. It is obvious for them to create together with max Havelaar a bio-fair trade-social label. There are the same NGOs active in the committee of Max Havelaar as in CCC. To prevent a controversial public argument, we will look how a collaboration would be fruitful.

News from Berne Declaration:

- New schoolbook on fashion, brandnames and markets (in German only): "Mode, Marken, Märkte" reader for students (160 p.) and handbook for teachers (70 p.).
- New brochure (24 p.) on CCC and the CCC-Code (in German only)
- Legal initiative for a Swiss commission for Human Rights comes to parliament

Bulgaria report
December 2001 - April 2002

After the October 2001 meeting a 50 page paper called "Social Environment and Standards at the work place in the Garment Industry in Bulgaria" was produced. It is an introductory report and contains information on different international initiatives and organizations, as well as the role of Codes of Conduct. There is an analytical description of the informal economy in Bulgaria. A summary of the results from our initial research in the garment industry in two pilot regions in Bulgaria are also presented. The Bulgarian version of the paper was distributed among institutions, TUs and organizations.
concerned. The English in the translated version is of poor quality and when improved we would be happy to send out copies to interested parties as per their request or advise from CCC member organizations.

The ongoing collection of information through the adapted CCC questionnaires continued mostly from other than the pilot regions areas. This will be used as comparative material when we have the full pictures in the two regions.

In February, 2002 a two year project started. It is called "Women workers in garment industry subcontracting chains: a research and education project in Asia and Eastern Europe". The UK based Women Working Worldwide are the leading organisation with some 9 more participating. 8 are from different Asian countries and only we are from Europe. This work done on that project will be very useful as supplementary to the general CCC work in Bulgaria.

Following a meeting in November with the UK based Homeworkers WorldWide (HWW) in February and early March we did an preliminary research on homeworking in Bulgaria. The results were presented at an international meeting which we hosted in Sofia on March 14-17, 2002. Except for the sponsors from HWW there were participants from many East European countries (Estonia, Latvia, Check Republic, Slovakia, Romania, Yugoslavia) as well as China and Women WorkingWorldwide.

In discussion with HWW it was agreed that there is a lot of space for future cooperation and joining efforts since generally in respect of research and organizing the overlapping is apparent.

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CCC Portugal

Of course, Portuguese enjoy Nike, Zara or Mango, nice high-tech shoes and pretty shirts. Just take a look in the Lisbon or Oporto underground, all this El Corte Ingles or Mango bags...
Sorry...? You are talking about ethical consumption? Fair Trade? Citizen activism? Well..., lets start from the beginning.

Till 1974, Portugal was living under a dictatorship. The censorship, repression and international isolation prevented the normal development of civil society and removed or murdered most of its more dynamics actors (collective or individual). Today, the maturity process of the civil society is still characterised by a certain slowness. International movements, like ATTAC for example, exist but have a very weak visibility in the population. Fair Trade was unknown three years ago.

In this context, CIDAC launched in 1998, a fair Trade Promotion Project in order to introduce this issue in Portugal. The main project results have been the increasing of World shops (from none to 4 in 2002, still modest but encouraging...) and the creation of
the Fair Trade Portuguese Coordination, joining NGOs, co-operatives, Youth
organisations and World shops.
It's hard to talk about Fair Trade without talking about Ethical Consumption. So CIDAC
initiated the Clean Clothes Campaign in 2001, with very few financial and human
recourses. The main activities of the Portuguese CCC have been:

- promotion of a petition about transparency and Social quality in the textile sector
  (in Portugal and in the geopolitical South). The petition is still circulating.
- Information on our website: http://homepage.esoterica.pt/~cidac/
- Participation at the Barcelona CCC Forum
- Awareness raising sessions for teachers, students and NGOs workers
- Investigation of the Portuguese case. Portugal is still a big textile and shoes
  producer and child labour and homework is a national reality. But now, these
  companies are transferring the production to places like Morocco or Eastern
  Europe.

Our challenge is now to give the campaign financial and human recourses. The CCC in
Portugal is managed just by one person, working parttime. That's why we presented a
project to the EU, in partnership with SETEM Barcelona and Madrid, in order to give an
Iberian size to the Campaign, and to boost the CCC in Portugal.

This project main lines are:

- creation of an activists network
- first thematic campaign called "We require transparency!"
- edition of a quarterly newsletter
- edition of didactical unit: "Our consumption decides!"
- regular edition of thematic reports
- investigation about Spanish and Portuguese companies in Morocco,
- second thematic campaign called "ALTER EURO 2004" (Euro cup of football in
  Portugal)
- participation in the European coordination activities

On the 9 and 10 of May, CIDAC will organise an international conference about Fair
Trade. The Clean Clothes Campaign will be presented in this conference. Eduard Cantos
from Spanish CCC and Ingeborg Wick have been invited but their presence is not yet
confirmed.

Country report Italy

The Italian network Rete di Lilliput will focus on the football world championship with
an aware-raising campaign. The campaign will be on a small scale due to little financing
resources and the fact that we are already working on a number of different issues.
During the world championship we will also support the initiatives of the Italian Global March.

At the end of June a seminar will be held with the aim to set the basis for a monitoring work of companies' behaviour on a local perspective. We are also focusing on winter Olympic games which will take place in Italy in 2006. On 15th April we were invited to a hearing at the city council in Turin. We asked that the Italian Olympic agency be put under pressure to adopt ethical standards in the acceptance of their sponsors. The issue is very urgent. Most top Italian sponsors will be chosen in September. A new round of hearings will be put in the agenda in May.

Spain. country report November - April 2002

Signing of the Agreement on Transparency and Social Responsibility
During our last meeting we told you about our intention to sign an agreement with the companies targeted in our "Made in DDHH" campaign. During this campaign some 10,000 postcards were sent. On 18 February, after several weeks of dialogue, MANGO and BURBERRY were the companies who finally decided to go ahead and sign the agreement on Transparency and Social Responsibility. Here in Spain we see this commitment to the Spanish CCC (CCC-S), to take responsibility for the working conditions under which their clothing is produced, as an extremely positive step. This commitment also means that CCC-S representatives will be allowed to visit their production centres (we are currently organizing with MANGO and BURBERRY a visit to their production centres in Morocco).

Campaign against Adolfo Dominguez
Continuing the "Made in DDHH" campaign, by February all but one of the companies targeted by the campaign had responded in one form or other - except Adolfo Dominguez. Therefore, during February protests were held throughout Spain in front of their branches. We also published a counter-advert in our newsletter: "Wrinkles are beautiful". After the first street campaigns were carried out (one was held in Madrid), the company contacted the Campaign and we cancelled the other planned street actions. A dialogue was opened with the company and the following commitments were reached:

- To complete the Campaign's questionnaire on social commitment (the less positive aspect is that a few questions, for example those relating to information on the countries where its principal suppliers are based, were left blank.
- To send information to the Campaign regarding their commitment to social responsibility.
- Reply to the postcards they received.

Proposal to the Spanish Presidency of the E.U. regarding social responsibility
The Campaign (SETEM), in conjunction with INTERMON-OXFAM, AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL and "ECONOMISTS WITHOUT BORDERS" plan to exploit the
Spanish presidency of the EU to present specific proposals to the Spanish government regarding social responsibility. Specifically, they have presented a letter entitled "More responsible business for a fairer Europe", which defends the promotion and intensification of an effective development by the CSR and proposes several initiatives which could be used to get the project underway. The Ministries of Industry and Economics have already expressed an interest in the letter.

Presentation of the report on the relocation of Spanish firms to the North of Morocco and elsewhere

The report on the responsibility of Spanish business for the socio-working conditions in small production centres in the North of Morocco will be presented on 15 April in a press conference. This report is based on a study carried out on 12 of the 500 clandestine workshops located in Tangier and which has highlighted the involvement of 3 Spanish companies: INDITEX (5 workshops detected), MAYORAL (5 workshops detected) and EL CORTE INGLES (3 workshops detected). At the same time, a state TV channel has been following up on the study. The channel intended to produce a documentary which would be broadcasted on a weekly basis. The problem has been that one of the labels implicated invests heavily in advertising in the channel and therefore we still do not know if it will go ahead. For now it sounds as though it will.

On the other hand, a few weeks ago, an article appeared in the press on the working conditions in the North of Morocco. This article is based on the report mentioned previously, although it does not reveal the names of the companies involved. (more)

Publications

In February the Campaign edited the "Guide to Responsible Clothes Shopping" (Guía de Consumo responsible de Ropa). The guide has been a success and it explains some of the issues that we should take into consideration regarding the purchase and use of clothing. It also includes a table which evaluates several companies from the sector (see sheet attached).

In March we edited the "Proposal for education during leisure time". This proposes several games and activities aimed at children, which can be undertaken outside of the academic sphere.

The Campaign has collaborated with INTERMON-OXFAM in the edition of a story for children called "The 3 twins score a goal". This story is about child labour: The three twins are punished by a witch who sends them to a factory full of children who sew footballs. The story will soon be edited in French and English."

The Campaign already has an electronic newsletter which is available on our website.

Labour Behind the Label Summary of Activity November 2001- March 2002
Information requests
No slow down in rate of requests for information in spite of lower level of activity.

Participation at conferences and other activities
Presentation given at fairtrade fashion show, information stalls held at Manchester Metropolitan University Retail and Marketing students' event and at Manchester Town Hall International Women's Day event. A second Disney action organised in Manchester. LBL materials used for AGM of Business and Professional Women in Northern Ireland.

Due to lack of (human) resources, other requests for presentations turned down (at British Federation of Women Graduates event and Durham University conference on clothes manufacture).

Publications and Urgent Appeals
Bulletin 15 published in March, including a follow-up to urgent appeal on right to organise in Sri Lanka. Action cards are being sent to French Connection, New Look and Matalan.

Three Urgent Appeals have been sent to e-mailing list: on cotton production in West Africa; on the case of six factories making Reebok products in China, and on trade union repression at an Indian factory producing garments for Top Shop (Arcadia).

Mailing list and membership
There are 1270 people on LBL mailing list, of which 55 paid up members. Paying membership was opened in September 2001 at the request of supporters.

Some news about the french CCC...

1 - Toys campaign (campagne " exploiter n'est pas jouer ")

- date : november 2001/january 2002
- action : Lobby on toy retailers (specialized or not) : " carnet de notes " and petition
- aim : adoption or improvement of their codes of conduct + implementation, opening a debate with them on the best way to inform consumers on the " social quality " of toys (and other products when they are not only toy's retailers) : social label...
- Results :
  - 93 local coordination " éthique sur l'étiquette " (total : 110) organized 176 actions in 100 cities : demonstrations of Santa Clause on strike, signature of the petition, meeting with directors of local hypermarkets, medias...
  - 180 000 signatures collected in 3 month, to be compared with our 3 last petitions campaigns (6 month campaigns each time) : 140 000 (1998) ; 80 000 (1997) ; 20 000 (1996).
At the end of the campaign: the presidents of the French federation of toy retailers and of the French federation of the toy industry + representatives of Fédération du Commerce et de la Distribution (FCD, federation of hypermarket companies), Carrefour and Intermarché has participated in a round table organized by the French CCC. The toy retailers and the French industry agreed to open a dialogue with the French CCC.

- Next step: November 2002/2003: 2nd part of our toy campaign.

2- Ethical public procurements:

After 2 campaigns in 2000 and 2001: 200 towns have adopted an engagement in favour of ethical public procurements ("motion" or other engagements)

In 2002: we push them to create a network in partnership with the French CCC (an organized network doesn't exist yet). To achieve this goal, we have set up a working group with about 10 cities (Communauté Urbaine de Dunkerque, Tourcoing, Tours, Limoges, Epinal, La Roche sur Yon...) and regional council Nord-Pas de Calais (near Belgian border). Paris is also participating in that working group but has not yet taken an official engagement.

First projects:

- Handbook for civil servants and members of town councils.
  Content:
  - Does the law on public procurements allows city to use social criterias?
  - Is it possible to buy "ethical" products?
- Fair trade products
  Other products: strategy to be defined. Our proposition: a joint initiative of the 200 towns asking the 3 or 4 main companies providing them with clothes, shoes and toys to give information on "social quality" of the product they sell + adoption of french CCC code of conduct + pilot projects/monitoring
  (Tourcoing or Besançon, 100,000 inhabitants each, spend each year about 150,000 euros for clothes and shoes)
  How can they participate in public awareness on ethical way of consumption (adults, schools...)
- Training (probably 17th of June) for civil servants and members of town councils, in collaboration with Cités Unies-France (association of french cities, départements and régions having international cooperation activities)
- A 3 years program should be adopted at the end of 2002 or beginning 2003

3- Relations with companies

- Workshop where companies are invited (17/05/02): aim: improve involvement of NGO's and trade union in France and in producing countries (negociation of code of conduct, participation of the workers in the implementation of code of conduct...)
follow up of contacts with trade union and NGO's in Madagascar and Bulgaria