Country Reports of the CCC’s, June-November 2000

- FRENCH CCC (Ethique sur L’étiqette)
- UK CCC (Labour behind the Label)
- DUTCH CCC (Schone Kleren Kampagne)
- SWISS CCC: Clean Clothes Campaign
- AUSTRIAN CCC: Clean Clothes Kampagne
- BELGIUM CCC: Flemish speaking part, Schone Kleren Campagne
- BELGIUM CCC French speaking part: Vetements Propres
- GERMAN CCC: Kampagne fur Saubere Kleidung
- SPANISH CCC: Ropa Limpia
- SWEDISH CCC: Rena Klader
- EASTERN EUROPE:
- ITALY:

FRENCH CCC (Ethique sur L’étiqette)

The main campaign running in France is the campaign "for schools: be ethical consumers". The content was reported in the CCC newsletter nr 12 (May 2000). Find below an overview of the results.

Municipalities (towns)

80 municipalities voted a statement in which they say they want to be ethical consumers and will act accordingly: some of the larger ones: Tourcoing, Calais, Valence, Lyon... (Our goal was 50). Now, we are trying to create a network of cities that are "ethical consumers". Activities:
- to work with us on the creation of a 'social label'. This means: o to ask their suppliers to adopt our code of conduct (for technical reasons, the text will be adapted to public procurements) o to participate in pilot project on independent verification with some of their suppliers o to lobby toward the government to increase the possibility to link public procurements and good working conditions. In France, the government is now working on new rules (the new text will be probably published in December 2000 or January 2001). We have asked the 80 "ethical" cities to write to the minister of economy and have met, last week, the member of cabinet in charge with public procurement. She said that the new code on public procurements would give larger possibilities to use social, environmental and fair trade criteria's.

The towns of Tourcoing and Sisteron (socialist) and Epinal (conservative) agreed to coordinate such a network. The Regional council Nord-Pas de Calais (near Belgium) will soon decide if they join/coordinate the network. We are waiting for other answers.

Next campaign: we will lobby the candidates at the next municipalities’ election, in March 2001. (campagne "achats publics : achats éthique?")

Companies
We have published a "report" card (carnet de note), inspired by the reports that are given to the students by schools, to evaluate their work. We have decided to do the same with the main French retailers in two sectors we have targeted during our campaigns: hypermarkets and sporting goods retailers (14 companies).

When we have launched our 1st campaign, in 1995, no French retailer had any code of conduct. In the beginning of 2000, 9 retailers out of 14 have a code or a similar kind of engagement. 2 of them (Auchan and Promodès, since recently owned by Carrefour) refer to all the standards included in our model code and began to implement their engagement. 5 companies didn't take any engagement.

The publication of the report, the publicity in the medias and the letters sent by consumers had a good impact: · Leclerc and Intermarché nominate someone in their staff to work on a strategy about ethical trade, code of conduct... (We have met two people from Intermarché) · Super U is working on a social charter · Cora and Casino, which have a common buying office ("Opera") now refers on Sa 8000 standards and will finance external social audits ("SGS style")

Other contacts with retailers

Since 1998, we meet each year with Fédération des entreprises du commerce et de la distribution/FCD: employers fédération of retailers (all hypermarkets except Intermarché and Leclerc).

4 of their members: Auchan, Carrefour/Promodès and Monoprix asked companies like SGS, ITS etc. to make social audits in their suppliers (100 during the last 2 years). During the next 2 years they will pay for 200 audits. Casino and Cora are now part of that program.

FCD has agreed to have more cooperation with the French CCC. They promised to create a working group with us and companies that are not members of FCD but are interested in code of conducts and monitoring (for example Camif, mailing order company)

With FCD, we have insisted on a real involvement of the workers before, during and after the audits (negotiations to improve working conditions...). With Auchan, we will organise a pilot testing this kind of process/audit in Madagascar before June 2001. Local partners (one NGO and one trade union) came to France in May to discuss this and work out the details. We are now finishing the documents and CFDT (trade union) will go to Madagascar at the end of the month.

French government

3 weeks ago, the French ministry of social affairs has contacted us. 4 and 5th of December, in Paris, before the end of the French "presidence" of EU, they will organise a European meeting on socially responsible companies, code of conducts... They want to create a network of contact persons in the 15th ministries of social affairs of EU and
begin a work on a statement of EU on these issues (it will have to be continued by the next presidencies: Sweden, Belgium...) The 5th, the meeting will be open to European NGO's, trade unions, companies. We will make a presentation of the French and European work of CCC.

Toy campaign 2001

At Christmas 2001 we will launch a toy campaign (it will be probably a 2 years campaign toward toys retailers) and will publish a petition and a new report card. Cooperation with Hong Kong groups, in coordination with other CCC, if some are interested.

UK CCC (Labour behind the Label)

1) LBL OUTREACH A survey of 1000 LBL supporters was carried out in July: 107 questionnaires were returned, most of them urging LBL to intensify its activities.

A national conference was organised to bring LBL supporters together with Southern colleagues and LBL staff, and nurture supporters' commitment - on 1 October. The day was designed for beginners and activists alike. Approx. 100 participants from all over the country gave very positive feedback - evaluation interviews with 15 participants are under way now. Nine Southern partners took part, who had also taken part in Women Working Worldwide's seminar on sub-contracting.

Rosa Marina Escobar from Guatemala, May Wong from Hong Kong and one LBL staff were invited to address a public meeting in Glasgow, Scotland - to introduce the campaign in Scotland. LBL was invited to contribute a presentation on 'Why the fashion industry must take note of the ethical trade movement' at a conference organised by Nottingham Trent University. Exploratory work is underway to assess the possibility of designing modules for integration into the fashion and design courses of UK colleges and universities.

2) Women Working Worldwide (WWW) two day seminar on subcontracting (September 2000) The seminar was attended by some 50 participants from Southern and European workers' organisations, NGOs, campaigns and academic institutions. In depth presentations were given on developments in sub-contracting - discussion followed on the last afternoon. A report will be available from WWW. A joint research project with the same Southern and European partners is being developed. WWW now participate in the ETI's Sri Lanka pilot on the garment industry.

3) EURO 2000 FOLLOW UP All 30,000 cards have been distributed. LBL continues to lobby the FA to include the FIFA code in contracts with sponsors and suppliers.

4) Materials: a video and a brochure for use by and with young people are to be ready soon.

DUTCH CCC (Schone Kleren Kampagne)
1. Fair Wear Charter:

· New money is organized for follow-up of the project plan (underlying the foundations work) and a new coordinator will be hired. · New plan is made for the pilot, to involve 4 companies and 4 different production locations. Accepted by expert board, will be brought to total board. The first phase has in fact only tested the management system outline, the next phase will involve local level organizations "correspondents". · Schedule for working on certification adapted, more attention now to pilots, less to how this in the end should lead to a functioning foundation.

3. Euro 2000

· Action to hand over all the signatures, photo's etc. at the Euro 2000 committee. Some press, Nike showed, Adidas send a representative, follow up to be organized in the new project. · Poster action follow up: Nike and Adidas refused the living wage extra money, so now all donators (7000) will be send a letter that the money will go to trade unions instead plus a protest letter to send to the companies (and a request to become protest letter writer).

4. Biological cotton in baby clothes (Alternative Consumers Union)

· Ministry of Environment has a "chain of responsibility platform" on clothing and textiles in which the AKB participates and the branche organisations. The sector is part of three selected sectors for future work. Our aim: increase the percentage of biological cotton. · Studies done and reports made available (partly in English) aimed at companies on how to change form regular cotton to organic cotton. · Popular brochure. · Video India "Slow Poison". · Meetings with companies and a "directors day", idea is to enable a selection between those willing and those unwilling, and thus we can campaign.

5. Companies: · SOMO research in India and Sri Lanka on Dutch companies fieldwork finished, production found in 7 locations also for many other labels, report in English will be send around.

7. Lobby towards the government · Letter send with 12 other organisations to the state secretary on corporate social responsibility on October 9, follow up of earlier letters concerning steps the Dutch government should take (model code, law on social reporting, active attitude where they are themselves shareholder, social standards concerning subsidies given to Dutch companies operating abroad, consultation of NGOs, OECD guidelines).

SWISS CCC: Clean Clothes Campaign

Perspectives The Swiss CCC has been extended. Despite bad financial situations for most of our supporting organisations, we could decide to continue our work as long as the pilot
project lasts (June 2002). We are going to work for a public campaign, lobbying within the companies and accompanying works for the pilot project. It is a main goal to find solutions for the institutionalisation of the independent verification (kind of monitoring body). That's why we are very interested in what is going on at the European level (what institutions with what competence do we need, what is the duty for the CCC).

In Switzerland we now registered the name "Clean Clothes Campaign" and the emblem as a trade mark (TM). If in an other country the same logo will be used, the TM could be extended (but not for "saubere Kleidung" etc.).

Campaign Till today almost 60'000 postcards were send to 15 Swiss retailers. Beside press releases, public information meetings and the work with schools/teachers no BIG events took place this year.

The broadcast on the Swiss TV about child labour for Jumbo and Vögele was very well perceived by the public (Oct. 24. And 31. 2000). Other specific cases still followed up, where we asked the public / the consumers to write protest cards to the companies: Adidas, Triumph. We did some media work for that and updated our www-site. But we did not print postcards again in large scale. In the case of Vögele we went on the street for a direct action, which showed it's effect on the behaviour of the media / journalists (see: www.cleanclothes.ch/d/Kinderarbeit.htm).

We planed to follow the cases of Triumph, Vögele, Jumbo. We got in contact now with people (journalists) travelling to India and the Philippines. Also with local organisations (in India: SAVE) The case of Vögele is of interest for Belgium, Austria, Germany, Netherlands (where they just bought a chain of some 150 shops) and Switzerland. Vögele just refused any co-operation with the CCC and announced some social projects together with LINK. Jumbo is a subsidiary of the French "Carrefour" and is connected with the owners of Manor. But the pressure on the other companies should go on as well.

As a main event for next year, we planned a co-operation with trade unions and related organisations (1st of Mai...). Goal: show the importance of labour rights and the freedom of organisation as an angle for further empowerment; show possibilities of co-operation between workers + consumers / between Unions + NGOs. In Mai we want to invite some representatives from producing countries. Later in the year should be a follow up with some more research / facts. Therefore we are interested in any contacts with trade unions, worker committees (specially from the South) etc.

Pilot project In October the Coordinator of the pilot started work in Lausanne. According to our Pilot project, monitoring and verification practices should not just enable an evaluation of the working conditions, but also promote social dialogue and development at the local level. The direct involvement of workers, trade unions and labour related NGOs in all stages of the monitoring and verification process is essential. Social questions like empowerment, participation of labour, complaint mechanism and interviews will be the main aspects of the pilot.
In the end we hope to find a way for a system of independent verification. We are in close contact with the Swedish Pilot project and we want to take advantage of possible synergies. Not at least, we participate at the meetings on pilot project at the European level for to co-ordinate the pilots as well as the beginning processes of institutionalisation. Contact: Projet-pilote Clean Clothes, Isabelle Scherrer, c/o Pain pour le Prochain, Av. du Grammont 9, CH-1007 Lausanne (Tél: 021 601 14 66, Fax: 021 6 175 175, E-Mail pilot@cleanclothes.ch)

Other: - In March LINK (AMANA SA, a "fair trade" label) went public with it's project. There were some polemic in Swiss media between them and CCC. Since a "round table meeting" we stopped mentioning each other in public statements. Till now, only one retailer (Spengler SA) works together with LINK. But there are good connections to Swiss and European Retailer Associations. Some contacts exist with Calida and Triumph International.

- The Berne Declaration started a project for a "Ombudsstelle" for human rights (following a Norwegian Model, see new EvB publication, in german). It is though to be a watchdog for the support of human rights, especially in the work of TNCs and Export trade guarantee agencies. The process of the Howitt resolution could be a good example. An other initiative in Switzerland claims a "Commission on human rights".

- A meeting on codes and social responsibility was organized by UNRISD (United Nations Research Institute on Social Development), as a follow up of a series of discussion papers. The Swiss CCC attended the meeting.

AUSTRIAN CCC: Clean Clothes Kampagne

- About 30 CCC lectures: at schools and different Organisations (women's organisation, political organisations...) partly as follow up of an appeal send out to teachers · Press work: preparing articles for several newspapers, interviews for radio stations and newspapers · Finalization of Report on Social Standards: within the textile branches in Austria (conventional and ecological) It was difficult to get info on social standards, only eco and not strong on this. · Installation of an Urgent Appeal system to send protest letters to companies per e-mail: till now about 60 participants have emailed protest letters in support of the following cases: for Honduras Yoo Yung/SITRAMASH union, Philippines TRIUMPH International, Philippines MAISTO Master, Thailand Thai Kriang Durable, Bangladesh NGDW, Thailand British Thai Synthetic Textile Co., Cambodia Garment Manufacturers Association · Visit of the VKI Symposium "Ethical Consum": VKI = "Verein fur Konsumenteninformation" (austrian consumer organization) on 24. and 25. October · coordinating and organizing of the CCC Forum on informalization of (Women's)Work "Making invisible Work visible" (with women's referents from the south and north) on 21 March 2001 in Vienna with a trip around Austria with three referents from the south; two referents should be go to two other CCCs in Europe on 7 April (who's interested?) · coordinating and organizing of the action- and filmday on the international women's day on 8 march 2001: info desks in the main shopping mile in Vienna, handing over of the action cards to the chairman of NIKE in Austria (and
ADIDAS) and transmission of the CCC demands with activists; several films to the CCC topic in the evening · CCC information work for all interested people: from march on about 650 inquiries

A new idea within the campaign is the idea of houseparties, which has similarities with the idea of tupperware parties. One person invites friends and tells about the subject, while they for example drink a glass of wine and eat something. The idea is that one of the guests takes it over and organises a new houseparty, of course with new guests...

Theatre plays in public spaces on clean clothes in which the public is invited to join in, participate through a moderator in the play.

Schools workshops with children

· CCC Youth Project “Show it: public awareness - clean clothes” from October 2000 till June 2001: CCC as example for global fairness in fashion (theatre performance, fashion workshops, poster competion, placarding of the best posters in the whole district..., chill-out party for all) · publishing a CCC-poster with sneaker · travelling-exhibition since 1998 in Austria with CCC part including a documentation in paper · sending out to 2000 trade union members working in clothing industry in Austria: info material included CCC-poster, documentation of the exhibition and signature folder against NIKE and ADIDAS

Belgium CCC: Flemish speaking part, Schone Kleren Campagne

Sports Next year the focus will be on other sports, and then some work on the world championship football. Plans concerning volleyball, 1/10th of marathon in Leuven, and an action week 6 or 13 of may 2001

Legal Contacts made with a University to do a very detailed study on the court cases done in the garment industry in the last two years, to get a clearer picture on possibilities for liability of retailers.

Other Introduction on CCC at international training course for trade unionists (WCL) Open information session with Renée Andersson and Isabel Chaudet Questionnaire on the CCC to 180 key members of KAV (women’s organisation) and ACV (trade union). 180 replies out 400. Some work going on concerning Migration and the garment industry focusing on Dominican Republic The King Baudouin Foundation has made an agreement with Nike, and paid 6 million Belgian francs. Protest made, meeting, press release etc

ARTICLES AND PUBLICATIONS (Sep - Nov) ¨ News Letter ¨ Article on Liability of Garment Companies ¨ Jeans MEDIA (Oct - Nov) ¨ Nike and BBC program ¨ Swedish verification project ¨ TV Program on corporate responsibility, aired next week

BELGIUM CCC French speaking part: Vetements Propres
Awareness Raising: · Press release about the Nike campaign - CAA action in Sydney · Reaction on the sponsoring of the King Baudouin Foundation by Nike · several conferences in the frame of the projection of "Ouvrières du monde": The video made on production for Levi Strauss by women in Indonesia, Turkey, Philippines and Belgium (available in French and soon in English). · The 7th newsletter of the campaign will be published at the end of this month including Interview with May Wong (AMRC) on the labour conditions in China, info on SA8000 and a Presentation of the pilot projects in Switzerland and Sweden to go to 7.352 addresses · In the magasins du monde forum at the end of this year a part will focus on ccc.

Companies: Discussions with GB / Carrefour Belgium towards a code of conduct and a pilot project for independent monitoring. · Renée Andersson and Isabelle Chaudet (Swedish and Swiss pilotprojects) came on 6 and 7th november for an information meeting for the member organisations and a seminar with GB / Carrefour Belgium

Legal Initiatives: Preparation of a seminar on legal initiatives to be held in Brussels on the 18th of December 2000 (see the programme) The Belgian government is still studying the possibilities for a social label but the campaigns are not very enthusiastic because the proposed monitoring system is very bad.

Partnerships: An attempt towards more serious consideration of partners from production countries in our campaign · Urgent appeal of Bataye Ouvriye (Haiti) about labour conditions in the orange plantations of Cointreau · From January 2001, field work from Laos and the region (living wages and evaluation questionnaires and structural relationship)

GERMAN CCC: Kampagne fur Saubere Kleidung

Coordination office: Nw colleague in the office for two years to follow up urgent appeals

Companies: · On the CCC meeting in October we decided to concentrate next year on german retailers more intensive, actions, material etc. · But, also continue work on sporting goods companies also as a mobilisation issue. On Sporting goods the focus will be on Adidas and PUMA. · It was tried to re-enter negotiations with adidas, concerning a possible pilot project. adidas came with conditions (after protest letter from CCC on cutting off relations with Formosa). CCC answered, send reply in September, but then adidas did not reply back. · A second talk with PUMA took place after the first meeting in June. · The Foreign Trade Association FTA is apparently testing the independent monitoring chapter of the AVE code, in India, according to them with and NGO and with funds from German government (Public Private Partnership programme). · IEPCE roundtable was organized in June: presently there is an informal follow up round table to prepare another formal roundtable (January 2001) with also government.

Mobilization focuses: · General decentralized actions on summer and winter sales days · Sports congress at the end of 2001 or 2002 · The catholic students make a sport event in summer 2001 in Koblenz
SPANISH CCC: Ropa Limpia

In the last months we've prepared the action "Made in DD HH" (DD HH is the Abbreviation of Human Rights). subtitle: it is a responsibility for all. The action will go on up to July 2001. Previous to the start of this actions, we sent a questionnaire with 30 questions about "Corporate Social Responsibility" to 12 clothes brands (Spanish or foreigners based in Spain). There was a poor answer (no surprise), 3 out of 12. We decided start a postcards campaign against the 5 biggest Spanish brands: Adolfo Dominguez, Burberrys, Cortefiel, Mango and Zara, asking for more social transparency (see postcards). It's the first time that CCC-Spain put pressure on Spanish multinational companies. We want to force them to answer the consumers. Up to now, they have no social responsibility policy (code of conduct or similar). We've created a personage called "La Filo" (funny name similar to the word "hilo"). Hilo means yarn. She represents a sort of "social label".

Next activities:

- Seminar with journalists (in Madrid and Barcelona, Nov. 30th Des. 1st).
- Street actions (January)
- CCC International Meeting (March 7-11th)
- Presentation of the results of "Made in DD HH." (July)

SWEDISH CCC: Rena Klader

The project for independent verification:

The project for independent verification has throughout the summer and autumn developed criteria's for the implementation of codes from the importing companies side. It has been shown that this is needed. Difficult questions has been the issue of economical incentives. We have succeeded in getting criteria in regarding the responsibility for that the importing company towards the supplier company concerning the costs of implementing the code. At the same time the plans for the structure of a foundation is more and more concrete. We are also in the middle of new pilots in North India and China. Again the time for the project are running out, and we are now discussing to prolong the project the whole of 2001.

Talks and workshops:

In the autumn we been participating in around 8 different projects around the country. It's workshops with youngsters in schools who calls retailers or go to shops and ask questions. We have had debate with the Textile importers organisation. Apart of this, the member organisations have made their own activities around the campaigns issue.
Project "We act":

A new report ("What is on your feet?") is almost finalised. The report is made together with Studieframjandet, Fair Trade Center and Valla people's high school. Together we are running the project that aims to educate educators who later will go out in schools and talk about garment and leather production and ethical trade.

Four weekends of education has been arranged and study tours to Vietnam, India and Pakistan are planned. A film/documentary about the same is planned and the first part is filmed in India in January 2001.

Sportswear campaign:

Our postcards are almost ended and that means that about 9000 cards totally has been spread to the companies. The working group of the campaign has now taken contact to meet with the companies. We got one meeting with The Stadium the 11th of December and one with TEAM sportia in January. Intersport is right now the most difficult to discuss with.

The Stadium has got a code of conduct since march, but they do not want to make it public and they don't know how to implement it. We have told that if they cannot show their code, we will regard it as non-being.

We will end the sportswear campaign with an action the 9th of December. We are now investigating for a new focus on a campaign. Member organisations:

One small member organisation has left the campaign in may. After January 2001, the trade unions will take over the co-ordination of the campaign from fair Trade Center.

EASTERN EUROPE:

· A very promising meeting was held in September with organisations in Bulgaria and Romania. The following structure for future work was set up: for Bulgaria the Bulgarian Gender Research Foundation (a women's NGO) will serve as coordinator, on the trade union side the second biggest union Podkrepa is involved. The third partner is coordinator of the balkan for the ICFTU women Eastern European programme is now also coordinating for our project and three Romanian trade unions are directly involved. On the side of the CCC, Terre des Femmes of the German campaign is the partner. The September meeting was a planning meeting and very well prepared and promising. All the paperwork is done and there is and agreement on the budget. · Participation at the WWW subcontracting meeting in Manchester to give details on Eastern Europe. The follow-up of this meeting will also include partners in Eastern Europe. · Representatives from Bulgaria also participated in the Labour workshops during the ASEM Peoples Forum in Korea.

ITALY:
A foreseen meeting with unions and NGOs in October got cancelled. The urgent appeal mailing list is steadily growing. They keep receiving messages from people who want to be included in the mailing list. The story of the American labour rights activists starving on Nike wages in Indonesia that was sent through different mailing lists was published by a magazine and mentioned in a radio program without making any effort to get to it. The CCC and the urgent appeal mailing list were presented at the first national meeting of Rete di Lilliput, a new established network linking together fair trade groups, ethical consumers, NGOs and associations working on social and environmental issues in order to join forces on common goals and initiatives.