Keywords
International Ladies’ Garment Workers’ Union, ILGWU, labor unions, clothing workers, textile workers, garment workers, garment industry, New York, United States

Comments
Justice was the official publication of the International Ladies’ Garment Workers’ Union ILGWU from 1919 to 1995. Editions of Justice were published in English, Italian, Spanish, and Yiddish. When compared side by side, the content of some of these different editions of Justice shows significant differences. This is the English-language edition of Justice.
Unity House Ready For 1927 Season

Scores of Workers Busy Renovating Big Place.

The National Unity House, located in Forest Park, Flushing, N.Y., is in the heart of the Blue Ridge hills, is fast being put into shape for the coming vacation season.

Arrangements for accommodations at Unity House may already be made for the purpose of giving the vacationers the fullest benefit of the educational department of the L. L. G. W.U. at 7 West 60th Street. A number of essential improvements are being added in the big vacation center, including new plumbing, painting and new bedroom furniture.

The Unity House is located 1000 feet above sea level and consists of a dozen cottages and hotel building, expressly devoted for vacation purposes and capable of accommodating about 200 people. It is surrounded by forests and has two beautiful lakes. Unity House had a great season last summer, and its management expects a record-breaking attendance this year. Prospective visitors, who wish to make reservations, are asked to do so in advance.

JUNIUS J. McKEE, Secretary, Address: 21-40 Jackson Heights, N. Y.

Volunteer Organizing Corps Opens Big Headqu.

Speakers Bureau of 32 Formed—Organized 380 Strong—Two Open Forums By Democratic Committee of B. F. Committee—Communist Crazed N. Organization.

The recently formed organization and education committee, organized for the purpose of arming the women in the clothing industry with the tools they need to handle their problems, has already established headquarters at 122 West 15th St. It will be the office of the executive bureau of the committee, which consists of brothers Nico, Yarovsky, Kostman, Kaplan, Segal and Bernstein. The secretary in charge at headquarters is Rev. R. Fried.

The organization committee has already recruited 300 picked volunteers, all of whom are trained and listed men, who will carry on in accordance with the plans approved by the Joint Board and the International leaders.

According to the report issued yesterday by the New York State Board of Labor of the United States:

Six I. L. G. W. U. May Day Meetings in Greater N. Y.

First of May Celebrations to Be Held in Manhattan, Brooklyn, Harlem and Borough Park.

Next Sunday afternoon, May 1, at 2 o'clock, the members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union will hold a big May Day Celebration in the Jolson Theatre, 58th Street and 7th Avenue. The principal speakers at this meeting will be President Morris Sigman, Tom Bender, member of the I. L. G. W. U., N. W. L. W. U. and the secretary of the Joint Board propaganda bureau, Dr. F. Wainwright, several other labor leaders.

Taking part in the concert at the Jolson Theatre will be the following artists: Louis King, well-known to the daily hearing, the hilarious Jo Boy, popular balladist, W. A. Benham, principal of the Garment Mill, and others.

The program of the visit will include the following programs:

Julius Hochman, general manager of the Jolson Theatre.

Local 1's children, chief role of the benefit, will have a May Day concert and meet all May Day activities.

Members of the Union holding in the Jolson Theatre, 58th Street and 7th Avenue, will have a May Day concert and meet all May Day activities.

May Day concert will be held by the Commodore Theatre and the Jolson Theatre.

Harlem chamber music groups will appear in a May Day affair on Sunday afternoon, May 1, at 2 o'clock.

The members of the International in Jefferson Park will celebrate May Day together, with the Borough Park Labor League on Sunday evening.

First of May Message by Pres. Sigman

To the Members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union.

Greetings:

Another year has passed into history, the First of May has come again.

The holiday of the working class, with which our finest ideals, our cherished hopes in the struggle for a new world are intertwined, is here. The strength of the May has come to warm our blood, to raise our hopes, to stimulate our zeal and to confirm our faith in the movement and in the interest of the interests of the working class the world over.

On this day of days in the proletarian calendar, we of the organized Labor movement in America send our greetings and cheer to every group of working men and women who are gathering at every time, wherever they are and women toil and suffer under a system of exploitation, tyranny and dictatorship. On this day, too, we go forth in our fiery protest against every agency that works for the destruction of peace and unity between nation and nation, against the servitude of greed and imperialism who brings blood, warfare and destruction in their wake.

The First of May, the day of working class solidarity, to us members of the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, this year, however, has another significance. We shall celebrate it with a profound feeling of congratulation that this year we have succeeded in restoring to our Union that priceless guarantee of continued progress—its unity and solidarity. May Day finds us, our midst what the conspicuous Communist policies had robbed us in recent years—our own united front, our fighting efficiency.

Half the First of May the holiday of international labor; May 1 as the symbol is a unifying influence in the life of the workers all over the world, together with the burning lesson our people have experienced this year, the memory of the life of the workers and the struggle of the workers' movement.

Long live our International Union! Long live the American labor movement!

MORRIS SIGMAN, President.
Volunteer Organizing Corps Opens Big Headquarters

(Continued from Page 1)

See selected from its midst a group of speakers, who will be assigned to meetings under the direction of Bro. Paul Dembaur. The speakers' group consists of the following persons: Ashleigh, Berman, Drisko, Fishberg, Gaborczyk (1), Gubler, Hersh, Greenberg, Goldberg (2), Goldberg, Hochman, Kaplan, Louis, Rosenberg, Scharf, Tappan, Tappan, Tappan, Wulf, Fagan, Wulf, Blumberg, Fiala, Tappan, Blumberg, and Blumberg. Among them will be a number of prominent members of the Union. The meetings will be held in the homes of the speakers and in various public places throughout the city.

Two Forums Already Opened

The first open forum was held on Wednesday, April 11, in the large hall of the Union building, at 132 West 13th Street. It will be open in the near future. These forums will serve as centers where the workers will gather during their free hours in slack periods to discuss the problems of the Union.

JEWELRY WORKERS WIN IMPORTANT INJUNCTION CASE

Supreme Court Justice John Ford, sitting in Special Term, Part IV, Supreme Court, New York County, on Thursday, April 20, 1927, refused to make permanent a temporary injunction granted by Judge Jonas Wasserman in favor of the firm of Disher Brothers, Inc., 14th Lafayette Street, N.Y. E. 72, which enjoined the International Jewelry Workers' Union, Local No. 275, from taking strike action against the firm and its employees.

Sam Blum, president of the firm, admitted that he was discharged when he discovered that he was a union member. In rendering a judgement in favor of the firm and for the union, Judge Ford stated that there was no case whatsoever against the union. Upon motion of the firm's attorney if the union was not guilty of any sort an injunction would not be issued. Judge Ford emphatically said that the temporary injunction in this case was granted upon petition of defendant, as he was brought out in the evidence upon the trial, and that the granting of an injunction in this case would make liberty a mockery in the United States.

Rapid Transit

By LAOIS EGRI

Buying Shoes

We ask all members of organized labor to purchase shoes bearing our Union Stamp on the sole, insole or lining of the shoes. We ask you to help us in this campaign only if you actually see this Union Stamp.

Organizing Corps

International Salutes "Forward" As Labor's Staunchest Ally

(Continued from Page 11)

a great structure, with a tremendous circulation over the entire country, so have the Jewish workers emerged from a small workshop, a center of darkness in which they toiled without hope and without freedom, into great international organizations which are now secured for them not only vastly improved labor standards but leisure and cultural advantages, sanitation and hope.

But it is unfair to the Forward to say that such improvements were the result of any one person, but rather that Forward was always slightly ahead of the Jewish labor movements, inspiring, encouraging, fighting so that the workers might achieve the blessing. There has been no one voice of inarticulate masses, but also the teacher, pointing the way to the light. The Forward stands as the mightiest Jewish newspaper in the world, as well as the healthiest, most bracing, because it is because it became endeared to the masses for its devotion to them.

As the Forward is a labor newspaper, so it is also the greatest propaganda newspaper. Not merely contact with the readers, not merely giving us a working class existence, it sought to explain to them, to expose the causes of the suffering and to inform the ignorant public what the struggle they were in a new and alien land.

From the first, the Forward acted on the assumption that it was an American newspaper, and not a foreign paper in American conditions and served the Jewish workers in this country with an all-American, though always redolent of devotion.

It stands today as a tower of progress, having reached its goal of the final emancipation of the working class. It is best of all newspapers. From the day of its founding we have been within and without it. In the name of the General Executive Board of the Jewish Labor Union and of our membership, we send this token of admiration and affection and profound appreciation of the sacrifices made. To the Jewish workers labor has not been gone before.

Brother Abraham Baroff, who is now convalescing from a protruded bladder on his farm near New London, Conn., and sent the following message: "Jewish Daily Forward Men's 10th Anniversary coming near, I am happy in the South of New York, N.Y., and will be back for the celebration of the Forward's thirtieth anniversary. I want to be present from New York by orders of New York. The Forward to me has been all during its existence a paladin, an inspiration of a faithful guide in the life of the workers in the midst of our hard times and our most difficult periods. With all my heart I wish you success and friends ever increasing in your service in your field of service to the working class and to our movement to which you have dedicated your great resources."

ABRAHAM BAROFF.

LEARN DESIGNING

Earn 50 to 200 Dollars a Week


A course of instruction in the Mitchell School means an immediate position—Bigger Pay.

DEMONSTRATION FREE AT OUR SCHOOL

THE MELCHURCH DESIGNING SCHOOL

11 West 27th Street, New York City

Buy Union Stamped Shoes

The Mitchell School of Designing teaches designing, grading, dressing and cutting of clothes, men's, women's, misses' and children's garments. Immediate position—Good Pay.
**Left** Shop Discovers Unions When Boss Defaults In Wage Pay

*Jobbers Wants To Evade Wage Payment, Claiming Contractor*  
*Shop Was Not Union Shop—Impartial Chairman Rules in Favor of shop—Kiplinger Renunciation Scheme, Sponsored by "Lefts," Falls Through*

Another group of workers in a shop belonging to a contractor who quit without paying up wages found out when they were not without union protection. They only make their appeal to the International and to the Joint Board affiliated with it.

The shop belonged to Fisher & Katz, 370 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, and was not registered with the Brooklyn office of the Joint Board. When the contractor failed to pay up the workers' wages, the workers appealed to an agent of the Union to come up to the shop and help them out of their trouble. They were advised in fact to saddle all the garments on the premises.

The Joint Board then informed the shop that it was a fraud and ordered the contractors to pay up the workers' wages. The contractors, however, did nothing.

The matter came up last week before the impartial chairman, Raymond V. Ingemord, who, after a hearing, ruled that the workers, under the general agreement with the jobbers in the trade, were entitled to their wages.

*Chicago Ladies' Tailors In Sacaverrnti Protest*

The local of the Chicago ladies' tailors, No. 546, at a meeting held on April 30, declared that it would go on strike to enforce the terms of the collective agreement with the employers. The local has not been able to enforce the agreement because of the large number of unorganized workers in the trade.

*W.E.B. Convention Greeted by Int'l*

*By Solomon Fillin*

Chairman of the Board, International Union Bank

A STRONG FRIENDLY BANK

The International Union Bank is something more than just a safe place to keep your money. We have all the safeguards that go with sound banking and are noted for the protection it affords to our members.

The International Union Bank has something to offer you that few other banks can match. It is something that you have in almost every bank chartered under the laws of the State of New York. But in the International Union Bank you have an important factor which is the bond and that is what we are to a friendly bank. We want to think of the International Union Bank as a strong wise friend, always ready and willing to give you help and advice that will keep your financial problems under control.

Every 100 new members are lost through poor investments by people who can ill afford to lose. Investment money is a precious thing. It is possible to have your money invested in real estate, stocks, bonds or patents, you are in need of the services of the bank, and for that reason we are able to analyze investment problems through channels which are not open to the average individual.

The International Union Bank at 59th Avenue and 21st Street in the Trust and Savings Bank Service Department where officers are on hand during banking hours to give our depositors the benefit of their knowledge. Whenever you contemplate investing the bank is glad to have you come in and talk it over. No charge is made for this service.

Many thousands of dollars are saved people by our systematic investment policy and in this department, no matter how small or large your problems may be, you can have the best type of investment advice.

*CLEVER FORE RIVER TEAM ON SATURDAY*

The Fore River soccer team of Quincy, Mass., winners of the National Challenge Cup competition, will be on hand at Harvard Field on Saturday against the clever Boston Wanderers in an exhibition game.

The Quincy team, which is making its first appearance in this district, comes with a big reputation and a crowd is expected to turn out to give them a good welcome.

*DRESSMAKERS WILL HAVE BIG MEMBER MEETING NEXT TUESDAY*

The executive board of the Dressmakers' Union, Local 22, announced that a general member meeting will be held on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 10 o'clock, right after work, at the Rand School Auditorium, 7 East 15th Street.

The general meeting of the dressmakers will be one of the most important in the history of Local 22. Since it was organized and chartered by the International Union in late December, Secretary J. Spiegelman will report on the activities of the Union for the last three months, and will outline the plans prepared for the near future.

If Julius Hoehman, general manager of the Joint Board, will address the meeting. Rev. J. Cooper, chairman of Labor, will preside. All members are asked not to fail to come to this meeting.

**JUSTICE**

*By Solomon Fillin*

Chairman of the Board, International Union Bank

The International Union Bank is more than just a place to keep your money. We have all the safeguards that go with sound banking and are noted for the protection it affords to our members.

The International Union Bank has something to offer you that few other banks can match. It is something that you have in almost every bank chartered under the laws of the State of New York. But in the International Union Bank you have an important factor which is the bond and that is what we are to a friendly bank. We want to think of the International Union Bank as a strong wise friend, always ready and willing to give you help and advice that will keep your financial problems under control.

Every 100 new members are lost through poor investments by people who can ill afford to lose. Investment money is a precious thing. It is possible to have your money invested in real estate, stocks, bonds or patents, you are in need of the services of the bank, and for that reason we are able to analyze investment problems through channels which are not open to the average individual.

The International Union Bank at 59th Avenue and 21st Street in the Trust and Savings Bank Service Department where officers are on hand during banking hours to give our depositors the benefit of their knowledge. Whenever you contemplate investing the bank is glad to have you come in and talk it over. No charge is made for this service.

Many thousands of dollars are saved people by our systematic investment policy and in this department, no matter how small or large your problems may be, you can have the best type of investment advice.

*CLEVER FORE RIVER TEAM ON SATURDAY*

The Fore River soccer team of Quincy, Mass., winners of the National Challenge Cup competition, will be on hand at Harvard Field on Saturday against the clever Boston Wanderers in an exhibition game.

The Quincy team, which is making its first appearance in this district, comes with a big reputation and a crowd is expected to turn out to give them a good welcome.

*DRESSMAKERS WILL HAVE BIG MEMBER MEETING NEXT TUESDAY*

The executive board of the Dressmakers' Union, Local 22, announced that a general member meeting will be held on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 10 o'clock, right after work, at the Rand School Auditorium, 7 East 15th Street.

The general meeting of the dressmakers will be one of the most important in the history of Local 22. Since it was organized and chartered by the International Union in late December, Secretary J. Spiegelman will report on the activities of the Union for the last three months, and will outline the plans prepared for the near future.

If Julius Hoehman, general manager of the Joint Board, will address the meeting. Rev. J. Cooper, chairman of Labor, will preside. All members are asked not to fail to come to this meeting.

**JUSTICE**

*By Solomon Fillin*

Chairman of the Board, International Union Bank

The International Union Bank is more than just a place to keep your money. We have all the safeguards that go with sound banking and are noted for the protection it affords to our members.

The International Union Bank has something to offer you that few other banks can match. It is something that you have in almost every bank chartered under the laws of the State of New York. But in the International Union Bank you have an important factor which is the bond and that is what we are to a friendly bank. We want to think of the International Union Bank as a strong wise friend, always ready and willing to give you help and advice that will keep your financial problems under control.

Every 100 new members are lost through poor investments by people who can ill afford to lose. Investment money is a precious thing. It is possible to have your money invested in real estate, stocks, bonds or patents, you are in need of the services of the bank, and for that reason we are able to analyze investment problems through channels which are not open to the average individual.

The International Union Bank at 59th Avenue and 21st Street in the Trust and Savings Bank Service Department where officers are on hand during banking hours to give our depositors the benefit of their knowledge. Whenever you contemplate investing the bank is glad to have you come in and talk it over. No charge is made for this service.

Many thousands of dollars are saved people by our systematic investment policy and in this department, no matter how small or large your problems may be, you can have the best type of investment advice.

*CLEVER FORE RIVER TEAM ON SATURDAY*

The Fore River soccer team of Quincy, Mass., winners of the National Challenge Cup competition, will be on hand at Harvard Field on Saturday against the clever Boston Wanderers in an exhibition game.

The Quincy team, which is making its first appearance in this district, comes with a big reputation and a crowd is expected to turn out to give them a good welcome.

*DRESSMAKERS WILL HAVE BIG MEMBER MEETING NEXT TUESDAY*

The executive board of the Dressmakers' Union, Local 22, announced that a general member meeting will be held on Tuesday, May 3rd, at 10 o'clock, right after work, at the Rand School Auditorium, 7 East 15th Street.

The general meeting of the dressmakers will be one of the most important in the history of Local 22. Since it was organized and chartered by the International Union in late December, Secretary J. Spiegelman will report on the activities of the Union for the last three months, and will outline the plans prepared for the near future.

If Julius Hoehman, general manager of the Joint Board, will address the meeting. Rev. J. Cooper, chairman of Labor, will preside. All members are asked not to fail to come to this meeting.
Justice
A Labor Weekly
Published every Friday by the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.
Office: 2 West 18th Street, New York, N.Y. Tel. Central 2440.
MORRIS SHULMAN, President.
A. BAROFF, Secretary-Treasurer.
MAX D. GANISH, Editor.
Subscription price: $1.00 per year.
Entered as Second Class matter April 14, 1919, at the Post Office, New York, N.Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879.
Published for the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.
October 5, 1917, at Central 2440.
Friday, April 29, 1927.
Editorials
The First of May
May Day this year, like many years past, will be celebrated in some of the largest cities in the United States at meetings addressed by the most virile and advanced groups in the labor movement, principally from the sections which are still commonly referred to as "foreign language" organizations. At these meetings, like in former years, the flag and flag-staffed May Day will be embraced, its union, welding significance of Labor's solidarity the world over, and the identity and the solidarity of working class interests in every country on this globe, wherever men and women, of every race, color and tongue are exploited by the profit-seeking, divinity-hungry master class.

The absence of the great masses of American workers from these demonstrations of international working class solidarity in all the more regrettable, because seldom has the world arena, since the catastrophic world war came to an end, been cluttered with exploitive material ready at any moment into a base of exploitation and destruction as it is today.

This year, it would seem, even the least responsive among the workers of America should have no difficulty in rejecting the subversive quarrels which "American workers have in common with wage-earners in other lands," American marines are today entrenched in the streets of Shanghai and China, sent there for the "support of the marvelous government" American business interests and property; United States marines are actually governing, under "military law," the independent Republic of Nicaragua. Sagrately in the interests of a Wall Street "president," and against the will of a preponderant majority of the Nicaraguan people; American dollars by the billion are pouring annually into Europe and Asia under "payments agreements" to support the economic, political and social structures of those lands; the bloody hand of the Italian soul-crushing Fascist dictatorship is reaching to this continent organizing Fascist groups, driving labor unions composed of Italian workers, and inciting to strike and violence under the benevolently closed eye of our own State Department, and in the least, the sinister machinations of our powerful oil and mines magnates, aided by a corrupt and vicious portion of the press, are still at work to embroil our country with another war while "safeguard" sacred vested interests and to "teach a lesson" to the Calles administration which is supported by Mexican labor and which is striving to establish a new country, suited for the interests of the toiling Mexican masses and not to the interests of international oil and copper speculators.

But, though not great in volume, the voice of the enlightened American workers will ring out this First of May in every industrial center of the land with a clarity and a resonance that will be heard beyond our borders, giving evidence of the demand that the workers of the world not all the workers in the United States are oblivious to the kinship, to the ties of international solidarity that bind the millions of organized, and unorganized, American workers to their fellow workers on every continent.

The First of May will thunder its protest across the oceans against the imperialist plots of international capital, against the clouds of war and destruction that are threatening the peace of the world; against the menacing hand of the Fascist threats against liberty and elementary human rights, and against tyranny and dictatorship in every form. It will call upon our own rulers and administrators to keep out of the international arena by the world-wide financial community, our own included; it will tell the workers of the world that, steeped these delegations are in soldiers' uniformity and belled by the flash of a phantom prosperity, many of the wage-earners of our country still remember that we are all members of a great proletarian family, members of a working class brotherhood. Inspired by the same ideals and striving to achieve the same ultimate aims and goal, each in our own way, each by methods best suited to our historic, economic and cultural environments.

We are proud that among the class-conscious groups that will take part in this year's First of May celebrations this Sunday, we have the members of our International Union, will occupy a prominent place. We are proud of their faithful allegiance to the principles of more solid labor solidarity; we are proud of their adherence to one of the finest and noblest traditions of the world-wide working-class movement, the First of May holiday.

But to our members this First of May, as we look back but one year, has added important significance. Indeed, the members of our Union have another great reason for celebrating this year the First of May as a holiday of labor solidarity, because during the past year we have succumbed in regaining solidarity in our ranks, a solidarity that several years had been absent in our midst, thanks to the disruptive activity of a gang of Communist leaders in "revolutionary" unions.

This First of May, at least, sees genuine trade union solidarity back in our Union. The pestilence which has threatened its life is only checked, but the power that has undermined it from the environment. This First of May, therefore, our workers will celebrate not merely as a holiday of international unity of labor, but as a thanksgiving holiday for the fruits of the victories of our organization from the grasping hand of the Communist adventurers. This deliverance inspires a hope and a faith in the indestructible values of labor's unity, and a gratitude for the priceless gifts of fraternity and unity of mind and action that may be side tracked for a while but never destroyed by even the most cunning and ruthless of our enemies.

Three Decades of the "Forward"

Last week, the "Jewish Daily Forward" rounded out thirty years of its existence. The event was celebrated in a half dozen of the leading cities in the country by banquet dinners and banquets. New York City the "Forward's" thirtieth anniversary was commemorated at a huge meeting in the Century Theatre, which was bewitched with the"Forward" radio stations, hundreds of thousands homes, and followed by a banquet attended by over a thousand people in the evening.

It would be pretty much like carrying coal to Newcastle to attempt to tell our workers, the members of our International Union, what the "Forward" has meant to us as American wage-earners, what part the "Forward" has taken in the unions, in fighting their battles, and in keeping them in touch with what is best in contemporary Jewish culture and life, particularly working class life, here as abroad.

This is all history, old and new, history that is deeply engraved in the minds of our workers, even though at times some of them have taken it so much for granted that they are inclined to forget it. An examination of fact, one cannot speak separately of the Jewish movement and of the "Forward," just as one cannot dissociate the underlying forces which have given rise to our trade unionism and the nucleus that are responsible for the advancing "Forward." It is all indivisibly the same storehouse of energy and power, the same driving force propelling by the urge of economic, social and spiritual betterment on the backs of the hundreds of thousands of immigrant workers cast upon the American scene within the past four or five decades that is responsible for the great strong labor organization that has made its way, its own way, the "Forward" has preceded our unions, as we know them today, by nearly a hundred years, thereby and currently creating a fertile soil in which they could grow and flourish.

We could offer to our members no better illustration of the inseparable bond of comradeship which unites the "Forward" with our trade union, of the great indispensable service which has been rendered to this movement during the whole period of its existence, than by asking the question, that if they, what their efforts, striving and struggles would have been without the loyal and indefatigable work of the "Forward," would have been the outcome of the "Forward"'s revolt in 1909, for instance, if our young and struggling movement at that time had not had the inspiring support of the "Forward" already ali broadcasts and what would be the result of the first great class strike in 1910, without the championship of the "Forward," which actually placed itself completely at the service of the strikers and of the working class immediately after the strike began, without the stimulation of its service to the strikers immediately after the strike began, and without its generous support in every form and manner?

And to complete the analogy of interests—every enemy, every antagonist that our union has encountered, from the first day it had its appearance on the arena of this industry to this very last day, has been the enemy of the "Forward" which it has combated with unrelenting vigor and unyielding zeal.

During these three decades, the most devoted workers, the most ardent workers, the most persistent workers, and the most loyal workers, will always be more than the "Forward," and without the "Forward," the struggle would have been impossible. From the first day, the "Forward" has fought to the death, without giving or asking quarter. The "Forward" miles, therefore, they were the enemies of the "Forward," there-
Labor Echoes In Sapiro-Ford Trial

IN the Detroit court room, whilst a young man, Mr. Samuel Sapiro, the young Jewish attorney, against Henry Ford, the rich and great man in the West, is being tried for a contempt of court, attention is focused on the American labor movement.

The trial of Sapiro, the young Jewish attorney, against Henry Ford, the richest man in the West, has engaged the attention of millions of newspaper readers in this country and abroad. It has become a political issue, having far-reaching implications.

Sapiro, a labor lawyer, has been charged with contempt of court for his role in the Detroit Labor Dispute. The case is significant for its implications for workers' rights and the role of attorneys in labor disputes.

Ford, a wealthy industrialist, is fighting against the establishment of a labor union in his factories. The case has sparked a broader debate on the role of the courts in labor disputes and the rights of workers.

The trial has become a symbol of the struggle between labor and capital, with Sapiro representing the workers and Ford representing the industrialists. The outcome of the case could have far-reaching implications for the labor movement in the United States.

The trial of Sapiro has captured the attention of the nation, with thousands of workers gathering in support of Sapiro and the labor movement. The case has become a rallying point for workers across the country, and the outcome will have significant implications for the labor movement.

The trial of Sapiro is a significant moment in the history of labor in the United States. It has become a symbol of the struggle between labor and capital, and the outcome will have far-reaching implications for the future of the labor movement.

**Two Labor Conventions**

On May 1st, two important labor conventions, the biennial assembly of the Workmen's Circle (Der Arbeiter Ring) and the convention of the帽 Makers' International Union, will be held in Cleveland. Both conventions will focus on the need to legislate into existence measures of paramount importance for the welfare and progress of their members.

The Workmen's Circle, a prominent Jewish labor organization, will hold its 27th convention in Cleveland. The convention will focus on the need for greater recognition of Jewish workers and the role of labor unions in advancing Jewish rights.

The Cap Makers' International Union, a prominent labor organization, will hold its convention in Cleveland. The convention will focus on the need for greater recognition of workers' rights and the role of labor unions in advancing the interests of workers.

Both conventions will highlight the need for greater recognition of workers' rights and the role of labor unions in advancing the interests of workers. The conventions will also focus on the need for greater recognition of Jewish workers and the role of labor unions in advancing Jewish rights.

The conventions will provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of their rights and the role of labor unions in advancing the interests of workers. The conventions will also provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of Jewish workers and the role of labor unions in advancing Jewish rights.

The conventions will be significant moments in the history of labor in the United States. They will provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of their rights and the role of labor unions in advancing the interests of workers. They will also provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of Jewish workers and the role of labor unions in advancing Jewish rights.

The conventions will be significant moments in the history of labor in the United States. They will provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of their rights and the role of labor unions in advancing the interests of workers. They will also provide a platform for workers to advocate for greater recognition of Jewish workers and the role of labor unions in advancing Jewish rights.
A Successful W.E.B. Convention

Hundreds of men and women associated with the Fifth Convention of Workers Education Bureau held in the Public Library in Boston, on April 22, 1897. The committee were present representing workers' colleges and study classes, International and local unions, women's clubs and city and state public school teachers of labor and the A.F. of L. Among them were many worker students, rank and file members and officers of local unions, and teachers and administrators of workers' classes. They came to lay before the W. E. B. Executive Board the activities of the past two years since the Philadelphia Convention in 1895, and to make plans for the advancement of the movement.

The 25-page report contained an account of the activities which made class meetings a popular feature in the U.S., carried on under trade union auspices. The work of the convention was carried on as an official committee on Curriculum, Teaching Method, Text Books, Organization, Resolutions, offers, reports, and finance. Each one prepared an interesting report as a guide for the Bureau's actions for the next year and for the workers' education movement as a whole. A short description of each topic appears on this page.

The convention reviewed the minds, ideals and aspirations of the Labor Movement as represented by the trade union tendencies of which the trade union movement is composed. This is necessary before discussing the success of the workers' education movement.

A week before the W. E. B. grows in volume it finds almost impossible to transmit all the business in a two days. The working hours of the Limited time prevents a thorough discussion of the problems which confront the workers' education movement in this country.

A new experiment was made at this convention—offering each committee a discussion leader. Delegates were invited to attend the committee meetings, then they discussed the particular problem with which the committee was confronted, and the collective judgment of the group was the basis for the report.

For instance, the committee on curriculum, its discussion formulated the following objectives for workers education:

"To improve or accelerate the work of the labor movement by making its members more articulate, by training leaders for the movement; by acquiring workers with economic and industrial conditions; by bringing together cooperative ambition between the various units within labor organization by developing the technique of trade union organizations; by rendering the traditionalism effective as agents for social change; by bringing about in the movement a more critical and laborious attitude to its problems; and by inculcating more discriminative understanding.

Rapid Transit

Tickets at Reduced Prices for Our Members

Rapid Transit received very favorable criticisms from the press, written by L. I. Hargraves, L. T. Hooper, a member of the President's Council Local 25. By special arrangement with the Educational Department, our members can use the service at half the price. Every unit meeting in the Educational Department can be admitted at the Educational Department, 1 West 21st Street.

We hope our members will take advantage of this opportunity to see a behind the scenes as well as the limelight. Thanks to her social tact and literary instinct, she made of this house for nearly forty years a high house of talent and have of going. There in the early days Alexandre showed how it was possible to bring about a conscious creation, and not merely an accidental occurrence, the image of a country and to something more than a country—the determination of the individual soul and the most subtle mental attainment or training by outward circumstances.

HARCOURT BRACE BRANCHES

The Marriage Bed—By Ernest Pauze

At the time of her marriage Mary Boyd had been given a superb example of French marquetry—what had been made for the daughter of a noble family in the reign of Louis IX, and which had come down as a wedding gift from mother to daughter through the generations until it rested in the conventional suburban home of the Boyd, an exotic remainder of more spacious days. The work that has gone into this ancient marriage bed as the symbol of his attitude toward marriage in this novel of everyday people who through their various bestowals of love and kindness have created out of their various lives and passions are forced to undergo the haim of new experiences. This story of the submission of modern life finds itself in a defense of marriage as a institution which should be more powerful than the world. The author's sense of puissance and his manner of bringing them into play, in this novel. Mary Boyd is the author of the two previous novels, "The Dark Swan" and "Cynthia Coburn.

Anatole France and Madame—By Jeanne Marquand Poupeau

Anatole France and Madame—By Jeanne Marquand Poupeau. Novel or Biography? Could surpass in interest and value this collection of letters, left in the raw and held together only by a thin thread of occasional explanation. It pictures the last great Proustian scene with a man worthy of the tenth century, of Diderot, and the Encyclopedists, and portrays the mademoiselle, Madame Arman de Calvados, one of the most important figures in the Pretentious town. This organization has been in existence for a number of years during its existence and is one of the outstanding organizations in the Little Theatre movement.

The Educational Department is attempting to form its own arm, which it is called "The Workers' University," which consists of classes for advanced instruction on various subjects, cultural as well as informative.

It has long been recognized that young people require specially trained teachers. Now we are having to realize that grownups also require specialists. A definite step toward providing such specialists has been taken this year by the New School for Social Research which has a grant from the Carnegie Corporation for financing its teaching classes in various social sciences. This leaves us out of account the large number of persons who, with the formation of the educational institution, propose some systematic reading.

In these and other ways we trust to our faith in formal education; yet, even in that "book learning" which now and then seems to us to be but a little as if he had made a wonderful discovery.

CURRENT BOOKS AT REDUCED PRICES

Our Educational Department is attempting to arrange its bindings with publishers, which enables it to furnish these books at reduced prices. Lately, very interesting books have appeared on social and economic problems, and also art.
Our International in the Press

NO ROOM FOR COMMUNISM (Editorial, Tacoma Ledger, March 25, 1927)

THERE is no room in the American labor movement for communism. We will expressively carry on the work of organizing every international union, declared by the American Federation of Labor, of these evil influences which seek to tear down the organizations which are at the bottom of all organized labor of the United States. The call for the Three Years of Sacrifice and Effort," said William Green, president of the A.F.L., at the meeting of the International Federation of Garment Workers.

The workers in the production of women's garb had been subjected to both wages and working conditions. International union officials appealed to Governor Al Smith for aid and the New York governor named a labor commission. In the meantime the garment workers' order had fallen into the hands of community leaders who were more advanced in political doctrines of the third International than they did for the welfare of the workers and the report of the governor's order was rejected.

Under leadership of the communists the workers had won the struggle for a new international union where labor had the most power. The workers entered the new international with no record of their previous affiliation with unscrupulous and dishonest strikes.

President Green of the international union then started a movement to drive the communists from its organization, practically the only one in America where labor has had any measure of control. With the loss of the strike in mind, the workers registered their disaffiliation, withdrawing from the international union, and in fact from all communists from any part in the activities of organized labor. Of 25,900 who went on record, 28,980 voted that no person tainted with communism could be a member of the union.

It had been said that all of the forces of legislation that had the power to assisted the workers in the fight for recognition and the freedoms of the international union was not used to its advantage. This was not the case, however, for the workers had been able to organize a new international union where labor was the only one in America where labor had had any measure of control.

With the New York Cloak and Dress Joint Board

A meeting of the Joint Board was held Wednesday, April 26, 1927, at the International, 3 West 36th Street.

Communications: Lodl, 23, and 82 approve the minutes of the Joint Board of March 28th and April 2nd.

General Manager's Report: Brother Hochman reports that the Brooklyn office was urged that the contractors, Fisher & Katz of the United Cloak and Dress Avenues, failed to pay the employees their wages for two weeks. A representative of the United called on the contractors after making an investigation, but got in touch with one of the contractors with regard to the workers and the wages were paid. The workers were then in a state of confusion and the matter was referred to the Board. Hochman was instructed to see that the workers report to the office. The Board then went on to the effect that the contractors had been paid the wages and the Board approved the report.

In the meantime, the workers were on strike and the chairman of the Board instructed Brother Hochman to go to the contractors and see that the workers were paid. Hochman was instructed to see that the workers report to the office. The Board then went on to the effect that the contractors had been paid the wages and the Board approved the report.

THE COLLAPSE of the NEEDLE TRADES

A History of the Leftist War

By BENJAMIN STOLBERG

The Nation

OUT TODAY
The Week In Local 10

By SAM B. SHENKER

This coming Sunday, May 1st, is the International holiday, which is celebrated annually by the workers of the world. For many years past, May 1st has been observed by the workers of the world as a holiday and at that time the slogan of an eight-hour day became prominent several years later, the workers of Europe adopted the first of May as their holiday. In the United States, an eight-hour day was proclaimed as early as the 18th century. The slogan of an eight-hour day became prominent all over the world. Since then, the demand has been so universal in many countries and in some countries, where the industries are closed, the workers are granted in establishing the freedom week as well. In still other industries in the hour or labor are being contemplated.

The industrial progress made since the day of development with the new machine, has resulted in great increase production. Today, therefore, the workers to protect their present against unemployment, must demand a shorter work-day, and this demand is equal to the day as it was forty-five years ago.

On May first all labor organisations have met together in the auditoriums, to demand democracy and for political freedom. They gather in masses to protest against capitalist control of all forms. Wherever the economic or political power of the workers in an industry is so concentrated, is like any other holiday, by abstaining from work.

The International, as a pro-organiser, workers' organisations, calls upon its membership to participate in the international labour holiday meeting and concert has been arranged to be held in the Union Theatre, where prominent speakers with a tour and prominent speakers will address the gathering. Those who have arranged to speak are Morris Hillquit, Morris Bigman, Julius Hoffman and David Dubinsky. Cotters are invited to attend this celebration.

"Forward" Celebrates Its 30th Anniversary.

Last Sunday, April 24th, marked the celebration of the thirty-anniversary of the existence of the "Forward Daily." The event was celebrated by a meeting and reception in the afternoon at the Centenary Theatre, participated by about 1,500 people, and in the evening at the Corner Place, in which about 700 guests partook.

Such events are attended by representatives of the various unions, workers' clubs and other organisations of the movement, and by many prominent and visitors from other countries. Among the speakers was Dr. M. B. Shenker, who addressed the gathering.

Justice for All, Promotional Support.

Local 10 Senda Message

Besides the banner and the flowers sent by Local 10, the following telegram was forwarded in the celebration:

"Congratulations and greetings to the Jewish Daily Forward" on the occasion of the celebration of its thirtieth anniversary. We consider you an honor and a privilege to hail this powerful organ of not only the Jewish laboring masses, but of the entire world. We call it in a large degree to the "Forward" that we are able to organize the enrolled workers of the sweatshops in the apple trade. We call it in the "Forward" in a large measure that our union was placed in the forefront of the trade union movement in America. In general, the Jewish workers of America owe it to the "Forward" that they were intrusted with the ideals and meaning of trade unionism. And today, when a group of political charlatans is doing its utmost to destroy the thirty years of valiant service in the field of trade unionism, it is again the "Forward" that comes to the aid of our international in particular, and to the cause of trade unionism in general, and helps on the way of progress.

"Amalgamated Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, Local 10, I. L. G. W., DAVID DUBINSKY, Manager-General Manager, M. W. JACOBS, President."