Justice (Vol. 1, Iss. 25)

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International Ladies’ Garment Workers’ Union, ILGWU, labor unions, clothing workers, textile workers, garment workers, garment industry, New York, United States

Comments
Justice was the official publication of the International Ladies’ Garment Workers’ Union ILGWU from 1919 to 1995. Editions of Justice were published in English, Italian, Spanish, and Yiddish. When compared side by side, the content of some of these different editions of Justice shows significant differences. This is the English-language edition of Justice.
WAVE OF CLOAK STRIKE THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY

Now that the victory of the cloak-makers has become a reality, you who are in positions of authority, will find it in your best interest to maintain the peace and harmony that has been restored.

The cloak-makers are now united in their demands and are determined to fight for their rights. They have achieved a significant victory, and they will not be deterred by any opposition.

The leaders of the union have agreed to continue the strike until their demands are met. The workers are committed to winning this battle, and they will not back down.

We, the union leaders, are committed to the welfare of our members and the betterment of the working class. We will continue to fight for our rights and the rights of all workers.

The strike is now in full swing, and we ask for your support and solidarity. Together, we can achieve a better future for all.

The Union of American Workers

AT TEN A.M. LAST WEDNESDAY, GENERAL STRIKES OF CLOAKMAKERS WERE CALLED AT CHICAGO, MONTREAL, AND TORONTO. OUTLOOK FOR AN EARLY VICTORY ARE BRIGHT.

3. SCHLEISINGER WIRI~S FROM CHICAGO: "CHICAGO CLOAK AND SKIRT MAKERS OUT ON GENERAL STRIKE. GREAT ENTHUSIASM PREVAILING. COMPLETE VICTORY CERTAIN IN A FEW DAYS."

KALDOFSKY WIRI~S FROM MONTREAL: "GENERAL STRIKE CALLED 10 A.M. TO-DAY. ALL SHOPS CLOSED. GREAT ENTHUSIASM. IMMEDIATE VICTORY LIKELY."

"I. SCHUBERT OF TORONTO WIR~S: "GENERAL STRIKE BROKE OUT TO-DAY. PERFECT DISCIPLINE. AGREEMENTS SIGNED WITH PROMINENT MANUFACTURERS. EARLY VICTORY FOR ALL INSIDE."

And now the hour has struck; the demand is strong and the strike is sure. The workers are determined, and they will not be defeated.

The Chicago Cloakmakers union is on strike to demand a minimum wage of $18 a week for all workers, regardless of their employment. They are fighting for a better future, and they will not be deterred.

The Chicago manufacturers wanted to strike a bargain by granting the week work system, but the workers insisted on the minimum wage. They are determined to fight for their rights and the rights of all workers.

The strike is now in full swing, and we ask for your support and solidarity. Together, we can achieve a better future for all.

The Union of American Workers

The safe of the Rand School in which the committee placed so much reliance, has been robbed of a large sum of money, and it seems, the terrible mystery of Bolshevikist conspiracies to commit robberies, to which a check book was found in the safe. Also some money and letters from various persons, asking questions about the spreading of Socialism. But all this has nothing to do with the real crime. The only thing that is more than a mystery is that so many persons of various classes who went to the safe, have been cautioned about it.

W. W. members get a fair trial and that they contributed to a fund raised for this purpose. The funds were raised publicly. Many advertisements appeared in the papers and the question was what is the committee interested in. But what makes the difference is the committee consists of persons who are ignorant of things that have become known to the public.

The committee finally has to realize that it was groping in the dark. They are in the Bolshevism in - the settlements. But also here it fell through. A vigorous movement could have made much progress of the committee and it will not be exaggerated to say that the work of various committees is now totally disregarded. In all its activities, the committee can not prevent the existence of violence. The old order is being everywhere that smacks of the progressive, to territory of public life.

Naturally, when the people are in a state of fear, it is easy to do many underhand things. The committee may even speak of closing down the Rand School, may threaten deportations and similar things. It is the only way to make the people see that the public are as foolish and gullible as the committee think they are.

Last week 50 alien anarchists were arrested, but under ordinary circumstances this would perhaps arouse a protest. Why do we not protest when they are arrested? Why do we not report? If they committed a crime, why are they not put to trial and for a crime that many commit, any crimes do they commit? But now, in the reign of official terror, the public is afraid to question and protest. Who knows but the protest itself may be interpreted and the public arrested. The public is silent. And if this was the aim of the committee it has been achieved, for the purpose of the public be kept in a state of fear.

Speaking of Bolshevism, we are tempted to say a few words about a very interesting discovery made by William M. Wood at a meeting of the Board of Aldermen at which a resolution was considered calling for the formation of two neoroban, one with the ten commandments and another for the declaration of Independence. The resolution was defeated by a large vote and Wood was pleased at the prospect of having words like "Thou shalt not steal", "Thou shalt not bear false witness", etc. standing in the eyes. The Socialists Aldermen of the Board of Aldermen of Vladik made a speech in which he said the signs of the times were Bolshevism. You can imagine what turmoil this created in the aldermanic chamber. The aldermen were ready to make good the traveling expenses, just so the Socialists learn America.

PEACE CONCLUDED

Germany has finally signed the Peace Conditions drawn up by the Hague Committee. At the famous Hall of Mirrors at Versailles was not the scene of the meeting of the peace conference, but of the conference of the United States, France and Britain. The three powers dominating Europe and the three powers dominating the world, were meeting to discuss the future of the continent, which was in a state of subjugation before the war. Another achievement of the peace treaty according to Wilson, is the fact that labor has been guaranteed a say in the running of the country.

As to Germany, things are worse than said there. The population has been overcome by a feeling of indifference, as if it was lost and all hope gone. The gov- ernment is not so much interested in trying to buy the hopes of the people as it is in keeping the peaceful activities. But this is the people to do. What force the situation in Germany is not on- ly appalling. More so than we can gather from news dispatches and communications.

AN INTERESTING EXPERIMENT

Thanks to the influence and sagacity of the Non-Partisan League, one state in America is in the near future assume control over all the industries that were the monopoly of private capital.

The referendum vote was taken last week in North Dakota on the question of nationalizing some of the industries. The referendum was cast in favor of the proposed enterprise. The state will assume ownership of the woolen mills, establish its own baking system, and extend credit to the farmers.

The referendum also voted into existence a new system of education, the abolition of the old system of taxes, and the establishment of state controlled newspapers.

It is difficult to say how the new experiment will work out. The people was asked to vote for or against the existing system of education, the abolition of the old system of taxes, and the establishment of state controlled newspapers.

LAVOR IN EUROPE OPPOSED TO ALLIED POLICY IN RUSSIA

Last week the British Labor Party held its 19th annual convention. The meeting was also attended by representatives of other nations, such as those of the Scandinavian, Union of Switzerland, H. Brandt, of Sweden, Trotzka of Holland, and the French Socialists, Reidel and DEMOLIN.

The principle questions before the convention were: the abolition of compulsory military service, the release of all conscientious war objectors, and non-interference in Russia. A resolution was passed that the British government go to the Trade Union Congress to express industrial action to force the British government to stop all its activities in Russia. The resolution called for the abolition of compulsory military service, and the release of a police prisoners was carried unanimously.

The resolution was also adopted calling for a 6 hour day in all industries.

THE STRIKE WAVE IN NEW YORK GAINING

Elsewhere in this issue the reader will find an account of the cap- tures of the 1904 strike. The strike, they say, will be a long du- ration. The capmakers are well organized and the employer has not yet to gain anything by prolonging the strike. At the same time the workmen also went on strike. The shirt makers are perhaps the worst paid and the worst treated workers in the needle industry. Attempts made in the last two years to improve the conditions have failed. This time their prospects are brighter since they are already organized.

The cigar makers of New York, went out on a general strike. These workers had been little heard from during the last few years. They struck this time without much protest, so the outside world almost forget about them. The strike was not connected with the national union. Now the strike wave and the constantly mounting cost of living, are putting the employers out of the inactivity. To a man they struck for a 44 hour week, a shorter week of work, and the recognition of their union. We extend to them our heartiest congratulations and wishes to best success.

WATER

Water is a substance largely liquid, containing the principle elements of habitat of germs, molecules and fish. It is found to a large extent in rain, melted from snow, and bath-water. It constitutes practically the only obstacle to the progress of life. The water in the canalized road between New York and London. At present used for the formation of ice. —Life.

IMMUNE

"What you don’t know won’t hurt you."

—Kansas City Journal

"I don’t hear you fuming about your income tax."

—Burlington, Iowa, Gazette.

"Don’t pay a tax on one in my income; but I would kick if I had to pay one on my expenses."

—Sudige.

The American Legion of Un-occupation is growing.
If I Were God
By FANNY M. COHN

"It was my privilege, to spend about eight hours with the Committee of the A. F. of L. investigating the educational situation in the International and similar schools. While discussing our educational activities with the members of the Committee, and while bringing to their impressions, I laid more emphasis on the recommendations than on the results achieved. I tried to express the importance of organizing our labor education so that labor education should become a part of the activities of our trade union movement. I believe that the significance of the start made by our International and, in a few years, by the Districts in the part of the country, in the direction of labor education, hence, is very heartfelt and encouraging. In particular, I was pleased to state that the committee is measuring up to its task. It recognizes the significance of the start made by our International and, in a few years, by the Districts in the part of the country, in the direction of labor education, hence, is very heartfelt and encouraging.

The Committee did not only hear the reports of the previous Committee, as it appeared in the Executive Council meeting, but it expressed the opinion that, if the public school buildings are not properly used, they are of no use for the children's parents, and their older children and brothers.

The fitness of the personnel of the committee was demonstrated in the reports of the meetings of the committees. The reports on the various committees were on the lines of the previous Committee's reports. The debate in the Executive Council, on the other hand, was on the line of the previous Committee's report. The Committee of the A. F. of L. was not only of the opinion that the work of organizing the English language, but also of the opinion that the work of organizing the English language, was so important that the question of whether the schools are operated properly was also included in the deliberations of the Committee of the A. F. of L.

But the A. F. of L. also seeks to be a good citizen. The Executives of the A. F. of L. are eager to be useful to the public. They believe that the public should be informed of the facts and figures which are of importance to the public. They believe that the public should be enlightened about the facts and figures which are of importance to the public. They believe that the public should be enlightened about the facts and figures which are of importance to the public. They believe that the public should be enlightened about the facts and figures which are of importance to the public. They believe that the public should be enlightened about the facts and figures which are of importance to the public. They believe that the public should be enlightened about the facts and figures which are of importance to the public.
JUSTICE
A Labor Weekly.
Published every Friday by the International Ladies Garment Workers Union.

D. SCHULZINGER, President
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E D I T O R I A L S

THE CLOAK MANUFACTURERS OF CLEVELAND

In the human body there are a few organs whose functions are discharged certain functions essential to the life of the organism. So it is with a cloath in the primitive, with the changes wrought in his mode of life by his acquisition of the art of civilization, the soil, of cooking, building of dwellings, etc. the function of the garment has been modified, but not curtailed. But they are still to be found in the human organism. They are such as to fulfill their end and yield no apparent influence at all on the physiological process. The social organism, however, is more complex and susceptible to influence than the body of man. It is a system of myriad and diverse cloaths that no longer have a reason for existence. The members of the cloth are no longer as they become active, constitute a menace to the existence of the social organism, and must be saved from the latter in some way. cloaths and the cloth workers who work together to save their union and the social organism from the calamity. In such cases, to perform this function they have to be clothed in a different manner from that of the cloth workers who work together to save their union and the social organism from the calamity.

In the cloak industry some of the cloak manufacturers are playing the part of such superfluous appendages. While the manufacturers of New York, Boston, Baltimore, Cincinnati and many other cities have proudly claimed that it is their duty to their city and the nation, and that every effort has been made to avoid the formation of a national union, the manufacturers of Cleveland have failed to do so.

The manufacturers thought, of course, that their victory was a permanent and final one. But the manufacturers' fear of the International had not been extinguished. It cost the Union tens of thousands of dollars to defeat the manufacturers. But the latter came out victorious.

Under these circumstances the feudalists manufacturers of Cleveland will undoubtedly want to join the League of American Garment Workers and gain a definite minimum wage for all tailors. Such mutual helpfulness is indeed a hopeful feature of our labor movement.
The Fourth of July

By N. BUCHWALD

The 4th of July, the political birthday of the American people, is the most important national holiday in the world. It is a day of noise and fire-crackers Not only the street urchins deafen you with their firecrackers, but also the critics of our prominent politicians. The latter do not toy round with flag day jokes. The country is needed. Every phrase contains ridicule and sarcasm. The political figures are the soul of the country's July. Celebration.

As usual in official celebrations, most of the stress is laid on the external, formal note, and the basic principles, the reason d'etre, are entirely ignored.

The reading of the Declaration of Independence is a sad sacrifice. The Declaration is a great long period in the celebration of the great day.

The people should know what the Declaration of Independence stands for. It is a historical document which proclaims the union and freedom of the United States. The Declaration of Independence is our birth certificate, our fundamental document. It is a declaration of independence.

The people should understand the Declaration of Independence in all its meaning. It is a declaration of independence. It is a declaration of freedom.

It is a declaration of freedom. It is a declaration of republicanism. It is a declaration of democracy.

The Declaration of Independence is a declaration of independence. It is a declaration of freedom. It is a declaration of republicanism. It is a declaration of democracy.
Miss Marino is also very active in the work of the Italian branch of the Wistakers' Union, giving a good deal of her time and patience to promote the activities of this branch.

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Goldstein Costume Co., 129 West 22nd St.

D. Benderly, 185 West 21st St.

M. Stern, 161 East 33rd St.

Max Cohen, 103 Madison Ave.

MEETINGS OF CUTTERS' UNION, LOCAL 10.

SPECIAL-GENERAL
Saturday, July 12 — 1 P. M.

CLOAK AND SUIT
Monday, July 14th

DRESS AND WAIST
Monday, July 14th

MISCELLANEOUS
Monday, July 14th

Meetings begin at 7:30 P.M. at Arlington Hall, 22 St. Marks Place.

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INSPIRED LETTERS FROM UNITY HOUSE VISITORS

HEDWIG REICHER READS — NIKE PLAYS — FIVE HUNDRED GUESTS CELEBRATE OPENING

INDEPENDENCE DAY AT UNITY HOUSE

The Fourth of July is being celebrated at the Unity House with unparalleled enthusiasm. A great many people have arranged to come and enjoy the festivities that will mark the opening of the new house. In addition to the two hundred members who are staying at the house and many others who have come out to present the opening. These together with over a thousand guests from outside locals and from the library and artistic world make a large family than has ever been gathered together at any Unity House before.

Local 15 which has just opened an evening branch has a delegation to carry its greetings to its sister locals. The New York locals will address the General Executive Board Among the outside guests are Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Vanclay, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Vanclay, Morris Reichenberg, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Vanclay, and Mrs. E. B. Vanclay. An interesting program has been prepared for the festivities. In addition to the distinguished VIPs, a beautiful Hedwig Reicher with her father Emanuel Reicher is founding the Workmen's Theatre. Artists in their work, revolutionists in their spirit the Reicher bring to the Unity House a warm enthusiasm for the labor movement, to which they have devoted their lives in giving again to the Unity family the same beautiful impression that it has always had. Mounting on her majestic Mountain when after her marvelous Basing of David Pinski's reality. Hedwig Reicher makes present crows her with mountain laurel and carried her on her shoulders triumphant. Our great woman's union claims as its own this great woman.

A fine program has been provided with Vida Millholland and Lucy Toreckas as the singers, Maurice Melles and Miss Willett and Milv and Miss Bernstein at the piano.

The times at these festivities have been unforgettable, theatron the central green, illuminating the dark, and shining happily, and space, of course, of comfort, and joy prevails the scene. And down below the moonlight mirroring the place sky in its depths. Far out here the heart of the vision a better world for the workers has become a reality. Truly, as Shachne Epstein once named it, the Socialist Island.